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Nizam Urged To Revise Ill-Advised Decision

RULER CANNOT SET ASIDE DESIRE OF PEOPLE

State Administration Indicted: Demand For Consembly

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HYDERABAD, June 16.

"The recent firman issued by the Nizam regarding non-participation of Hyderabad in the Constituent Assembly is most regrettable. The decision that Hyderabad would not join the Indian Union is again inopportune and ill-advised. It does not reflect the views of the people and goes directly contrary to their aspirations. By no stretch of imagination can it be said that Hyderabad should not form an integral part of the Indian Union. The intention to assume independent sovereign status with the lapse of British paramountcy is a novel conception and is undeniable from the point of view of constitutional law and also from practical politics." Thus observed Swami Ramananda Tirtha presiding over the plenary session of the Hyderabad State Congress held this evening.

More than a lakh of people from all over the State, including one thousand delegates, attended the Congress session to take the vow to march forward. The Hyderabad State Congress has already brought about awakening and organisation among the masses. Leaders of the Congress from British India were present watching the proceeding.

Swami Ramananda said that Andhra, Maharashtra and Karnataka had linguistic cultural and geographical closeness with the State and they were part of the Indian union. The only course left open for Hyderabad was to join the Indian Union.

The people's wish cannot be set aside in the manner in which it has been done. The decision in the afirman has precipitated a situation which we have seriously to consider. The question is who will decide the future status of Hyderabad. Is it not the people of Hyderabad and their will that should ultimately prevail?

"After all the people of Hyderabad wish to enjoy the rights of Indian citizenship".

Proceeding Swamiji said: I do not think that the people of Travancore, Mysore, Kashmir and Hyderabad will forego the benefits accruing from citizenship of the Indian Nation. It is unthinkable why we should be aliens in our own country. We will assert our will and show that the interest of Hyderabad lies in throwing its lot with the Indian Union. I hope the Nizam would revise his decision and thus respect the will of the people.

Swami Ramananda Thirtha surveyed the present political and constitutional situation in the country and said: "The States people's movement has to be in line with the national structure. We in Hyderabad have to shape our movement accordingly. We have still to achieve democratic freedom. Let us, therefore, assimilate as many forces as we can consistent with our own fundamentals."

In conclusion Swamiji made a scathing criticism of the Hyderabad Administration and its Executive and demanded immediate establisnment of a Constituent Assembly in Hyderabad elected on adult franchise to frame a democratic constitution for responsible Government and in the meanwhile, install an Interim Government and send elected representatives of the people to the present Constituent Assembly.

BOARD OF RULERS TO MEET AT RAJKOT

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, June 16.

It is reliably understood that Rajkot State is not to hand over, Rajkot Civil Station to the Board of Kathiawar Rulers but is to let on hire some bungalows of the Residency for Board's use. A meeting of the Board of Rulers is to be held here on 26th, 27th and 28th to reply to the Agency Resident as to their decision.

2 Congressmen Arrested

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, June 16.

Two members of the Hyderabad Congress Committee were arrested at Warangal under the Defence of Hyderabad Rules, says a report received at the Congress Nagar.

GROWING TENSION IN STATE

Nizam's Govt. Warns People Against Intemperate Speeches

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), June 15 (A.P.I.): A communique issued by the Nizam's Government contains a warning to members of 'political and communal parties' against making public speeches in language calculated to incite violence and racial hatred.

Government regret, says the communique, "that the freedom of the platform's being abused by some who have been giving expression to unrestrained and intemperate views" and will be compelled to take action if speeches of the nature described above continued to be made.

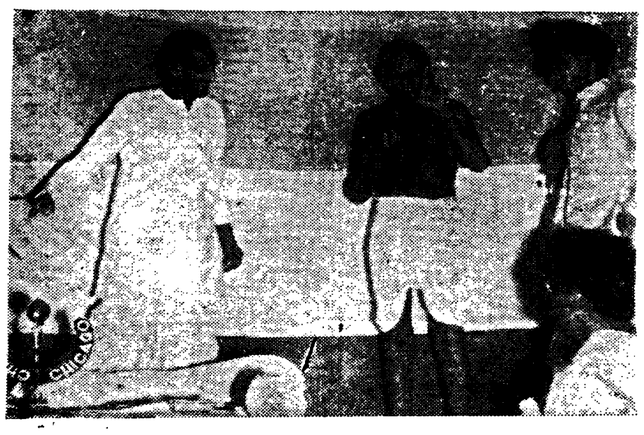
"Government have been watching with anxiety", the communique continues, "the increasing tendency on the part of certain speakers representing different political and communal parties to use language which is tantamount to incitement to violence and calculate to create racial hatred. Such speeches have contributed not a little to the tension which exists and which has already manifested itself in certain incidents which have occurred in different parts of the State.

"While it is the duty of Government to take necessary steps, by all the means within their power, to put an end to such practice, and Government intend taking immediate action in that direction, they consider it necessary at the same time to convey a public warning as well as an appeal to all political and communal organizations in order that they might exercise due control over their speakers and workers, as otherwise the responsibility for any untoward development must rest on them."

MANIPUR STATE CONGRESS ON PEOPLE'S SOVEREIGNTY

IMPHAL, June 16, (U.P.I.): The Working Committee of the Manipur State Congress adopted a resolution stating that after the lapse of Paramountcy Sovereignty should be transferred to the people.

The Committee wanted to make it clear that the legitimate demand of the people was delayed or denied, the responsibility would rest on the British Government.



Acharya Kripalani, Congress President, offers a seat to Mahatma Gandhi on his arrival at the A.I. C.C. meeting on Saturday night.

SIR C. P.'S CARAVAN MARCHES



India's Constitution Will Be Ready By October

NEW DELHI, June 16 (APA). Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian Constituent Assembly, said today he expected the constitution to be ready before the end of this year. It would even be possible, according to Dr. Prasad, to finish the Constitution sometime in October, provided there were no unusual delays or interference.

Dr. Prasad, who has summoned the Constituent Assembly tentatively for July 14, also said that the actual drafting of the Constitution has been started in the expectation that the Assembly will proceed along the lines blue-printed by its major committees.

The Constitution is expected to be a compromise between the British and United States counterparts, providing for a Federation of Provinces with a strong Central Government, but with a Cabinet responsible to the National Legislature.

Dr. Prasad said he expected the July session of the Constituent Assembly to last about two weeks. There would then be a month of drafting work in August to finish the Constitution.

Another meeting of the Assembly might be called in September to approve the draft and make any changes suggested by the delegates.

Dr. Prasad said he was not expecting any disturbance to the programme because of fresh political developments.

The major committees had finished the work of assembling material, the Constituent Assembly President stated, while two other important committees, one for tribal areas and the other for minorities, were expected to finish in time.

WHEN PARAMOUNTCY LAPSES

Indian Princes Free To Make Their Own Choice: London View

LONDON, June 16, (A.P.A.): An informed Government official, reaffirming Britain's policy to achieve "as united an India as possible", said today "every encouragement" would be given to the Princely States to link themselves either with Hindustan or Pakistan.

In spirit, therefore, Britain backed the All-India Congress Committee's call to the Princes at New Delhi yesterday to join either of the two Dominions of a partitioned India, the official declared.

He emphasised, however, that the British Government could not uphold the Congress stand against the Princes' right to form independent states if they so desired.

Several of India's more than 560 Princely States have through their rulers declared publicly already that they propose to remain outside both Pakistan and Hindustan when Britain finally transfers powers to the Indians.

Some have said that they would like to enter into special relations with Britain, either individually or in a federally linked grouping. This they envisaged might result in their being accorded Dominion Status within the Commonwealth.

The official made this points:—

1. British paramountcy over the Princely States collapses with the transfer of power.

2. The paramountcy does not automatically revert either to the projected Muslim or Hindu Constituent Assemblies.

3. The Princes will be free to make their own choice on their constitutional future.

The official emphasied that freedom to choose their own status did not imply any blanket British offer of Dominion Status to any or every individual State.

"Dominion Status is not something that grows on trees", he added. "It would be unthinkable to grant the State of Hyderabad, say, the same status as Australia".

The informant recalled that the Viceroy, Lord Mountbatten told a press conference at New Delhi recently that if any of the Princely States wanted to remain within the Commonwealth their "applications would be forwarded to London."

"The situation has not changed since the Viceroy spoke," the informant said.

Lord Mountbatten, the official said had done some pretty straight talking" to the leading Princes on the question of retaining Indian unity as far as possible.

A reply to a question, the British official said it was still "too hypothetical" to say whether the British Government would recognise the independance of any Prince after power was transferred. He said until power was transferred 'here was 'hope" and there would be "negotiations" to swing the States into either Hindustan or Pakistan.

Negotiations to that end would be conducted through the Political Department of the Government of India, he added.

700 SHIPS TIED UP IN U. S. PORTS

"No Contract, No Work" Policy Sequel

NEW YORK, June 16 (APA). Nearly 700 ships were tied up in United States ports today in a work stoppage under the Congress of Industrial Organisation's national maritime union policy of "no contract, no work" but so far no delay in shipments of food, coal and other relief cargoes has been reported.

No foreign ships have been delayed by the strike so far although there were a few instances where American seamen refused to sign on with vessels flying a foreign flag.

Dockers continued to load ships in New York despite doubts whether they would sail.

Joseph Curran, president of the National Maritime Union predicted that if the union demands were not met 1,150 ships would be affected in a few days by the dispute in which four other C.I.O. unions are involved.

STOP PRESS

ARAB STRIKE ENDS

JERUSALEM, June 16 (Reuter). The General Strike called the Arab Higher Committee as a protest against the United Nationas Inquiry in Palestine ended at dusk tonight without incident, according to reports from all parts of the country.

LONDON, June 16. (Reuter): Pakistan's position as buyer of British goods will be greater than Hindustan, and Pakistan's supply of raw material to Britain will be immense, according to Moslem Chamber of Commerce circles here.

TIENTSIN, June 16. (Reuter): Chinese Government troops to-day began manning defences on the outskirts of Tientsin, the large inland port 70 miles south of Peiping. As communist troops increased their attacks 80 miles south of the City.

THE HAGUE, June 16 (Reuter): The Netherland Commission-General, which arrived in Batavia from home land on Thursday, is reported by tonight's Communist newspaper "Trouw" to have unanimously agreed to recommend to the Dutch Government that further negotiations with the Indonesian Republic would be "fruitless."

INDIANS AS GOVERNORS

Nehru And Jinnah Asked To Submit Names

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, June 16.

Pandit Nehru and Mr. Jinnah have been asked to submit a panel of names for appointments as Governors of Indian Provinces after dominion status is introduced on August 15.

The names of C. Rajagopalachari, C. H. Bhabha, Sir Gopalaswami Ayyengar and Justice Rasilal are being mentioned here for likely inclusions in the Congress panel.

Jinnah Appeals For 'Pakistan Fund'

NEW DELHI, June 16, (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, in a statement issued this evening appeals to every Muslim to contribute to the "Pakistan Fund" to be set up and utilised for the various task connected with partition, including referendums in two areas and the work of the Constituent Assembly for Pakistan.

The following is the full text of the statement:—

"We have to face, gradually, various steps and important issues which arise in the working out of the Plan of June 3 to give effect to the division of India. First, we have to meet the referendum in the North-West Frontier Province within a very short time, which is very vital. And similarly we have to meet referendum in Baluchistan and in Sylhet in Assam.

"Besides, with regard to the procedure laid down for the partition of the Punjab and Bengal coming into operation, definite dates have already been fixed for them to take their decisions. We shall have to complete the Pakistan Constituent Assembly very soon and we have to set up our committees of experts and specialists as advisers to the Constituent Assembly in the framing of the ultimate Constitution of Pakistan and in assisting the Constituent Assembly, which will function as a sovereign body, with all governmental powers of Pakistan until the final constitution emerges when the Government of Pakistan will come into being and function according to the constitution. So, we are going on and we have no get on with the partition of the entire assets and liabilities of the Central Government, including defence, finances, communications etc For that purpose machineries are being set up. This is a stupendous task to go through and we are moving with lightning speed.

"I, therefore, appeal to Mussalmans to send me, without delay, their contributions. Without finances all this gigantic business cannot be performed satisfactorily. I am sure that every Muslim will appreciate and understand how necessary it is at this moment to give his, or her, help immediately.

"I think the best course that can be adopted is that every one who wants to help us should send his or her donation, or contribution, directly to the Habib Bank Ltd., Chandni Chowk, Delhi. This fund will be earmarked as "Pakistan Fund" and the Bank will keep a separate account for it. The fund will be utilised particularly for the various purposes referred to above and generally for the work in the various spheres of activities before our Pakistan Government is established".

Win Back Muslims By Fair Deal

PAKISTAN SHOULD MAKE NO DIFFERENCE TO UNION

Mahatma's Tip To Provinces: C.P. Premier's Speech Deplored

NEW DELHI, June 16 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi in his post-prayer speech this evening said that the Union Provinces had to show by their action that the Muslim members in the Provincial Cabinets were just as welcome as they were before and that no matter what was done in the Pakistan Provinces, the Union Provinces would be strictly just and fair in their treatment of their Muslim brethren.

Mahatma Gandhi added that Pakistan should make no difference in their regard for the Muslim as well as the other minorities.

"UNFORTUNATE SPEECH"

The A. I. C. C. passed its resolution only yesterday but Gandhiji received two newspaper puttings one from a Nagpur paper purporting to report a speech from the Nagpur Premier and the other criticising the speech. The speech makes the Premier say: "It was Mr. Jinnah's claim that the Muslims had a separate culture, a different religion and that in Pakistan only Islamic law would prevail. It would be difficult for non-Muslims to live in Pakistan in such conditions. Pt. Shukla pointed out that while there were 1,85,00,000 Hindus in Muslim areas of British India there were 3,00,00,000 Muslims in Hindu areas of British India. And these have lived in these parts for generations. What would be the conditions of these, Pt. Shukla asked, and said they would be treated as aliens. They will have no citizenship rights. The grants that are being given today for their education will be withdrawn and they will have to depend on their own.

Pointing to Minister Hasan who was sitting next to him Pt. Shukla jocularly observed "Dr. Hasan will not only have to quit the Cabinet but that he would not be allowed to live in Wardha. He will have to seek shelter otherwhere in Pakistan. Even though religious and cultural freedom may be conceded to the Muslims living in Hindustan they will have no representation in the legislatures or in the services. They will have to maintain their own institutions and they will be entitled to no Government grants."

If the report was fairly accurate the speech was unfortunate although it might have been made in lighter vein. Surely the Union Provinces were not going to be caught in the trap prepared for them. They had to show by their action that the Muslim members in the Provincial Cabinets were just as welcome as they were before and that no matter what was done in the so called Pakistan Provinces, the Union Provinces would be strictly just and fair in their treatment of their Muslim brethren. Pakistan should make no difference in their regard for the Muslims as well as the other minorities. This had no reference to the apples of discord which the foreign power had thrown in their midst such as separate electorates.

"SIKH RULERS MUST JOIN INDIAN UNION"

CALCUTTA, June 16, (U.P.I.): Sikhs of Calcutta and its suburbs at a meeting held at the Sikh Gurdwara passed unanimously a resolution condemning the move on part of some Sikh States of the Punjab declining to join the Indian Union and declaring that they would emerge as independent Sovereign States after the lapse of Paramountcy.

The meeting wanted the Sikh Rulers to join the Indian Union. The meeting also called upon the people of these States to organise strongest possible resistance against those Rulers who would dare go against the will of the people.

Referendum In The Frontier

Congress Executive Leaves Decision To Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan

NEW DELHI, June 16 (A.P.I.): The question of Congress participation in the proposed referendum in the N. W. F. P. remains unsettled, it is reliably learnt.

The Congress Working Committee which discussed this question to-day heard Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, the Frontier leader on the situation in the province. Mahatma Gandhi also addressed the meeting. It is believed the Working Committee endorsed the decision of the N.W.F.P Congress Committee authorising Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan to take whatever action he thought best to deal with the situation in the province.

It is believed that the consensus of opinion in the Committee was that the referendum proposed to be taken related to the choice as to whether the province would join Pakistan or Hindustan and the question of independence of the Pathans was not taken into consideration. The implication of such a referendum would be. "Would you like to join an Islamic State or go under Hindu dominion"?

This, a prominent Congress leader pointed out would be unfair to the Khudai Khadmatgars and the Congress organisation in the province, especially in the light of the developments and disorder in the province during the last few months. Under the circumstances it was considered that no useful purpose would be served by the proposed referendum. But the issue was one essentially for decision by the Frontier leader.

The Congress Working Committee adjourned sine die.

Mufti's Message To Arabs

JERUSALEM, June 16 (UPA) More than 3,000 Arabs gathered at the holy shrine of Haram Ash in the center of the Old City of Jerusalem today to hear the exiled Grand Mufti's proclamation urging them to close their ranks and face the dangers which "threaten our very existence".

The proclamation was read in mosques throughout Palestine on the anniversary of Mohammed's flight from Mecca.

It said, "The Palestine Arabs, backed by their brothers in the rest of the Arab world, must close their ranks, settle their differences and face the dangers which now threaten their very existence from all sides. The Palestine Arabs must stand firm while intriguing international diplomats attempt to take from them their homeland."

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

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Adequate Share For Indian Shipping In Maritime Trade

Question To Be Discussed At London Conference: Walchand To Lead Delegation

BOMBAY, June 16 (U.P.I.): The "United Press of India" learns that the Government of India have appointed Mr. Walchand Hirachand, Chairman of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company, as the Leader of the Delegation of Indian shipping interests to the United Kingdom. The other members of the delegation, it is gathered, will be Mr. M. A. Master, General Manager of the Scindia Company, Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Dewan of Mysore and Chairman of the India Steamship Company, Mr. Hoshang Dinshaw, Chairman of the Bharat Line and Mr. Shoorji Vallabhdass, Chairman of the Malabar Steamship Company.

An official announcement about the personnel of the Indian Delegation is expected from New Delhi by the end of this month.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION

The Indian Delegation, it is understood, will discuss with the British shipping interests the vital question of Indian shipping obtaining its share of trade in India's overseas trade as recommended by the Shipping Policy Sub-Committee and subsequently endorsed by the main Reconstruction Policy Committee on Shipping appointed by the Government of India.

The "United Press of India" further gathers that the negotiations which will be at the suggestions of His Majesty's Government and the Government of India will begin in London on July 15 next. These negotiations, it is stated, differ considerably from any negotiations carried on in the past inasmuch as the representatives of the Indian shipping interests will attend the London conference with a definite knowledge that their Government is determined to render the required assistance to Indian shipping to enable it to take its rightful place in the maritime trade.

In the event of a failure of these Indo-British negotiations, it is possible, as hinted by the Commerce Member, Mr. Ismail Chundrigar, at the recent conference in Bombay, that the Government of India and H.M.G. would have to intervene to bring about a settlement acceptable to both parties.

BOMBAY HISTORICAL SOCIETY

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bombay Historical Society held its 22nd annual general meeting today at the Bombay Legislative Council Hall. The Hon. Mr. Mangaldas M. Pakvasa, President of the Society, in his opening speech, stressed the need for expanding the activities of the society. He exhorted the members to think out ways and means by which the Society could attract more people.

It was a great pleasure to the Society, he added, that the Indian History Congress had accepted their invitation to hold its next annual session in Bombay in the last week of December 1947. The University of Bombay had also agreed to co-operate with the Society to make the session of Indian History Congress a success. This occasion, would give them an opportunity for "fostering that fundamental cultural unity of our country which is our most priceless possession".

A vote of thanks to the Chair was proposed by Mrs. Amy Rustomjee, and passed unanimously.

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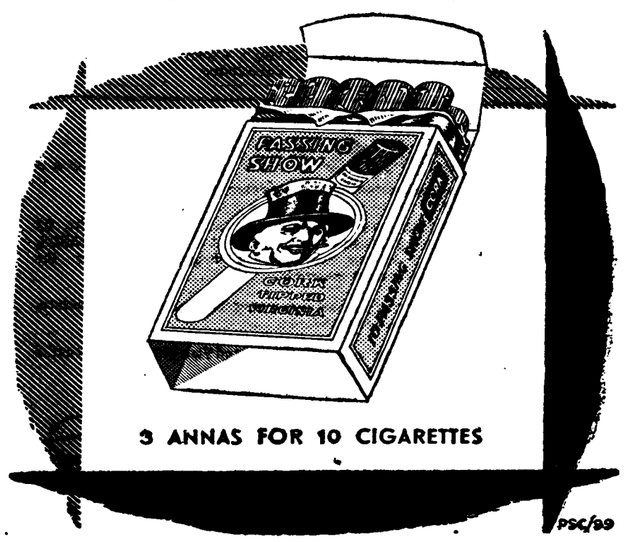
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MASKED MEN ATTACK RAILWAY CLERKS

One Seriously Injured By Revolver Bullets

BOMBAY, Monday.

Two clerks were injured, one seriously, when three armed men in mask invaded the Railway Booking Office at the Victoria Terminus in the early hours of this morning.

It is stated that as the booking clerks were busy counting the cash, three armed men in mask dashed in and demanded money at the point of a revolver. The clerks refusing to part with the money, the men fired at point blank range. One clerk was seriously injured.

The culprits, however, took to their heels without taking any money.

The Superintendent of Police along with the officers rushed to the scene but the miscreants had escaped. They are still at large.

LATE PROF. DHARMANAND KOSAMBI

The Sewagram Correspondent of "Hitawada" (Nagpur) writes as follows:—

It was on 4th May, 1947 that Prof. Kosambi expired at 1-30 p.m. in Gandhiji's cottage in Sewagram. Sometime back he had decided to end his life in U.P. by a fast-unto-death. It was Mahatmaji who persuaded him not to end his life that may when he (Prof. Kosambi) was labouring under an impression that his life mission being over, there was no point in continuing to live.

Preferring the life of recluse, the Professor thought it undesirable to live with a relative or a friend, and made up his mind to stay in Sewagram Ashram.

In spite of all facilities in the Ashram, Prof. Kosambi felt no interest in life. This naturally adversely affected his digestive system. Doctors were of opinion that he had no ailment which they could not cure. But what could medicine do or how could food nourish when the life juice was dried up? By and by, he gave up milk, later fruit juice. Even vegetable soup became undigestible and so he kept up on water.

After a month he could not take even water. His desire was to die not full of fat but devoid of it. But on the 4th morning he stated that he would not survive for more than 3 or 4 hours. May be, because it was a day of eclipse or he wanted to see his old friend Kakasaheb Kalelkar, who was arriving the next day to see him whose acquaintance and association ran over 40 years, he did not leave this world on the full moon day. After seeing Kakasaheb who came from Bombay specially for this, he expired in a couple of hours on the 4th May. His memory was sharp and his peace of mind unruffled to the last moment, as he had practised and became proficient in the Buddha Sadhana. Like a Yogi, during his last days he used to lie down at night under the celestial firmament meditating with his face towards the starry region illumined by the bright moon. Before taking his last breath he asked to open all doors of his cottage in Sewagram Ashram so that he could have free air in which he wanted to mix himself, because it was one of the component five elements.

He leaves behind him his wife, son and daughter (whom he had ordered not to come and disturb him during his last moment) and a vast and varied circles of learned and scholarly friends, followers and admirers in India, America, Russia, to mourn his loss but they will have a consolation in the belief that he breathed his last in a perfectly calm and contented atmosphere after fulfilling his mission. Later he was cremated on a hill in front of the Khadi Vidyalaya although he had desired that not a pie should be spent on his last rites. The funeral was attended by all Ashramites and Sewagram workers in various institutions, prominent among them being Kakasaheb Kalelkar and Vinobaji Bhave.

WORLD YOUTH FESTIVAL

Miss Vimla Bakaya of the All-India Students' Federation has sailed for Prague to take part in the 'World Youth Festival' organised by the World Federation of Democratic Youth from 17th July to 20th August. She has also taken an exhibition of the 'Health Conditions' in India prepared by the medical students of the Bombay Students' Union. Many writers, painters, artists and poets have contributed their works to 'The Stalingrad Youth Memorial', a memorial built by the youth of the world to commemorate the brave youth who had given their lives fighting the battle of Stalingrad. This exhibition after it has been shown at Prague will be sent to Stalingrad.

INTUC Welcomes Pay Commission's Award

NEW DELHI, June 16. (U.P.I.): The Provisional Executive Committee of the Indian National Trade Union Congress at a meeting yesterday held under the presidency of Dr. S. C. Banerjee adopted a resolution expressing the view that the "division of India into two parts is detrimental to the interests of toiling masses of the country and hopes that the division may be a temporary phase in the struggle for freedom as the division of the country will retard the progress of the masses at least for sometime to come."

The Committee has adopted another resolution welcoming the recommendations of the Pay Commission as a first step in the socio-economic policy of the state. The Committee hopes that all Provincial Governments and other major statutory local authorities should take early steps with a view to implenting the recommendations of the Pay Commission.

SOCIAL SYSTEM: CAUSE OF PARTITION

Dr. Kumarapa's View At Symposium On Br. Plan

BOMBAY, Monday.

"Shikhism is a synthesis of Hinduism and Islam. It unifies Hindu and Muslim culture, art, philosophy and religion. The British Partition Plan has cut the Sikhism into pieces." Thus observed Mr. Teja Singh, Principal of the Khalsa College, at the third session of the symposium on the British Plan held at the Green's this evening under the auspices of the Progressive Group.

In the course of his speech, Principal Singh said that the British Plan had undone the unity of India brought about by 150 years of the British rule. It had undone all the works of Gandhiji and the Congress It had undone Guru Nanak's efforts to unify Hinduism and Islam.

The unity of India was sacrificed for peace, he said, but that honour was greater than so-called peace.

India which was considered home of all religion, Dr. Kumarappa commenting on the Plan remarked, had reached such a pitch that today religion had vivisected the country.

Analysing the social institutions, Dr. Kumarappa pointed out that there were tendencies in the Indian social system that had resulted in bitterness, ill-feelings and the partition.

He said that the lack of proper training and education in democracy and political responsibility had dragged the country in that impasse. U.S.A. too had minorities but the American public school education had Americanized them.

Describing the partition as "transitory", Dr. Kumarappa hoped that India would be one again.

Mr. L. S. Kajrolkar of the All-India Depressed Class speaking next said that the partition was not in the interest of the Harijans. He added that the interest of Harijans lay in the forces of nationalism and not with reactionary elements either in Hindustan, Pakistan or the States.

Mr. L. K. Oak, Secretary of the Bombay Branch of the Communist Party characterised the Plan as a "biggest blow to the country's freedom struggle. Putting forward his Party's point of view he said that the British Plan would enable the British, to continue from behind the curtain, exploitation of India.

STUDENTS ARRESTED AT KOLHAPUR

KOLHAPUR, June 16. (A.P.I.): Three students were arrested here yesterday under the Explosive Substances Act by the city police in connection with an explosion which took place last evening in the town hall garden. The arrested students are alleged to have been experimenting with potassium chlorate to explode a tree.

One of the students who sustained injuries as a result of the explosion was removed to hospital for treatment.

CAR COLLIDES WITH TRAM

BOMBAY, Monday.—A driver was injured in an accident this morning at the Cruickshank Road, when it is stated a private car No. BMX 8767 coming out of the Esplanade Court collided with a tram-car proceeding to Dhobi Talao. The driver of the car who sustained injuries and was removed to hospital.

Live Cartridges Hidden In Illicit Opium

BOMBAY, Monday.

Ten live revolver cartridges and a dagger which were hidden in two pounds and eight tolas of illicit opium in a building at Auchit Pada, Grant Road on Saturday were recovered in a raid by Inspector E. Edwards of the Excise Department.

Ganhoo Papu Jethe and Yeshwant Bapu Jethe who it was alleged were the owners of this property were arrested and placed before Mr M. Nasrullah, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court on Monday and were bailed out in a sum of Rs. 400

Mohmed Karim and Ismail Shirinkhan were also arrested at the same place for being in possession of 11 pounds of illicit opium. They too were bailed out by the same Magistrate in a sum of Rs. 500.

Five Injured In Factory Accident

BOMBAY, Monday.

Five persons received burns when a boiler exploded at the Amrit Oil Mill near the Firestone Tyre and Rubber Company, Hay Bunder Road, this morning at 11-30.

BOMBAY SHOPS AND ESTABLISHMENTS ACT: ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

The Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay under the Chairmanship of Mr Shantilal H. Shah, M.L.C., to inquire into the working of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1939, is to submit its report within two months.

The Committee will examine the various representations and suggestions which may have been received by Mr. Bakhale from the public and on behalf of the interests concerned in connection with the administration of the Act. But if any persons or bodies wish to make any fresh or further representations or suggestions in this connection, they are requested to do so before June 28, 1947. Names of persons desiring to appear before the Committee in their individual capacity or on behalf of employers' or employees' associations or other interests concerned should also be forwarded to the Secretary of the Bombay Shops Act Inquiry Committee, Labour Office, Wellington Cinema Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay No. 2, so as to reach him on or before June. 28, 1947.

KENTUCKY, June 15, (Reuter): Twenty persons suffered slight injuries when an army C—47 crashed and was set on fire shortly after taking off at the Godman airfield here The plane was flying about 300 feet over the field when the pilot reported trouble. The crash occurred when the plane overshot the runway as the pilot attempted to land.



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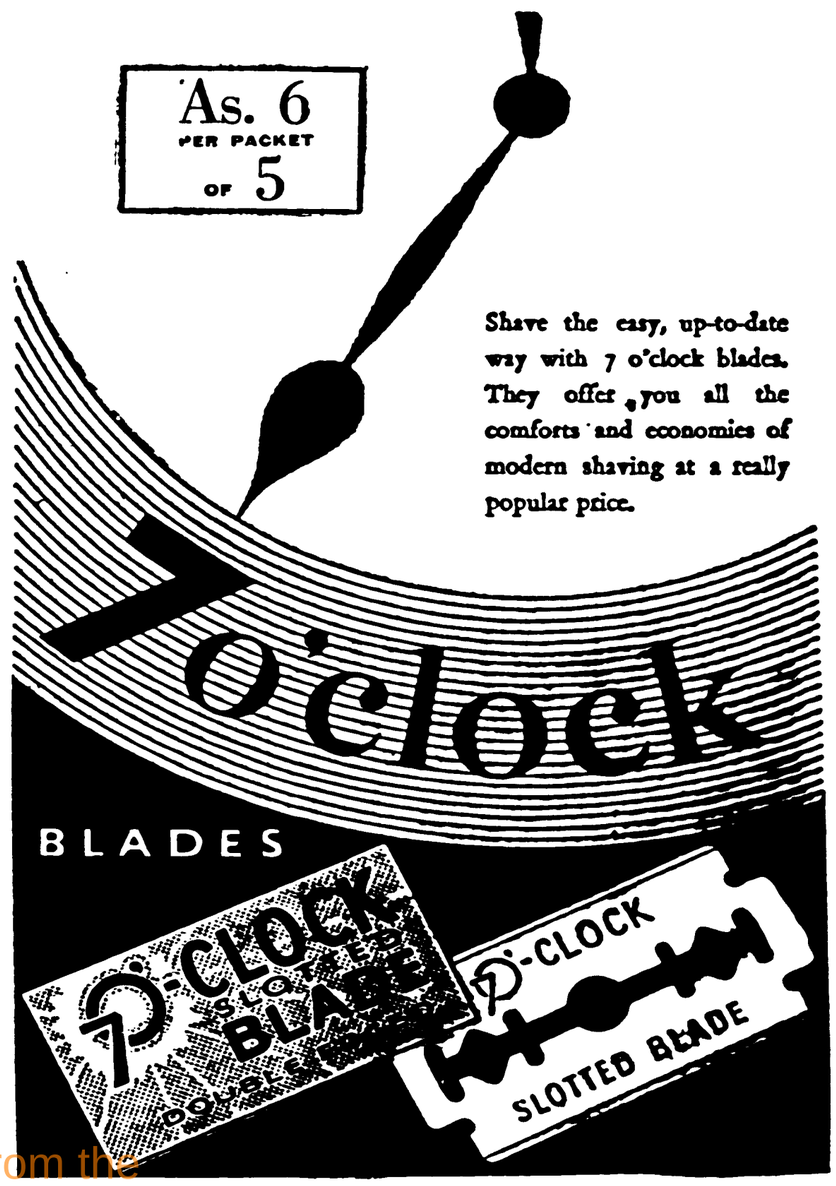
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Nights Were Torture Through Lumbago

KRUSCHEN RID HIM OF THE PAIN

Only those who have suffered from lumbago know how excruciatingly painful it can be. And when they discover a remedy for this complaint, they are anxious to pass on the good news to other sufferers. Let this man tell you how Kruschen cured him:—

"I had a bad attack of lumbago. When I got into bed I had to stay in that position—I could not move for pain. I didn't know what to take or what to do. I was advised to try Kruschen Salts and I am very grateful I tried them for this reason. After taking a few doses I felt relief, and after taking one large bottle, I am glad to say that my lumbago has entirely gone, and I have not had the slightest trace of it coming back. I will recommend Kruschen Salts to all who I know have that terrible complaint called lumbago."—G. A. W.

Kruschen is a combination of natural mineral salts which stimulate your liver, kidneys and digestive tract to healthy, regular activity. They ensure internal cleanliness, and keep the blood-stream pure. New and refreshed blood is sent coursing to every fibre of your being. Lumbago, rheumatism, headaches and indigestion all pass you by.

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Will bring most artistically designed quite up-to-date, real zari worked BENARES SAREE (5½ Yds. X 44") on pure silk. Packing and Postage extra. Cut samples and Agencies not at all possible.
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SEWA ASRAM,
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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Jeth Vad 13, 2003.
Muslim: Rajjab 27, 1366.
Parsi: Deh 17, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-01 a.m. Sunset: 7-18 p.m.
Hightide: 11-00. 22-33. Lowtide: 04-08. 16-49.

Today's Engagements

ROTARY CLUB: Meeting today at Green's Hotel, first floor at 1-45 p. m.

Lady Rama Rau, will talk on "Health Services in Villages".

BLAVATSKY LODGE: Theosophical Society. Reception to Kalakshetra Artistes at 5-45 p.m.

BLAVATSKY LODGE: Theosophical Society. Mrs. M. R. Dhalla will deliver a lecture on "Brotherhood" in Gujerati at the Besant Hall of the Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty today at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.).

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Apollo Street, Dasturji Bode will expound Gatha Yasna Ha 33.

SCHOLARSHIP FOR JAIN STUDENTS

THE JAIN ASSOCIATION OF INDIA: Applications are invited by the Hon. Secretaries from Jain Swetamber Murtipujak students studying in the Science, Technical, Engineering, Commerce and Medical Colleges securing at least 2nd class marks for Scholarships of Rs. 100 each to be awarded by this Association for the year 1947-48.

Candidates desiring to apply should write to the Hon. Secretaries Godiji's Building, Pydhonie, Bombay, 3, for the Application forms before the 30th June 1947 with postage stamp.

BOMBAY PIECE-GOODS NATIVE MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION:

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Hon. Jt. Secretaries write: The Committee of the Association at their meeting held on the 9th inst., elected the following office-bearers for the current year:—

PRESIDENT:—Mr. Purshottam Muljt Kapadia.

VICE-PRESIDENTS: Mr. Narotamdas Keshavlal, J.P. Mr Hargivan Bhagwanji, Bar-at-Law.

HON. JT. SECRETARIES: Mr. Padamsey Damodar Govindji J.P., Mr. Himatlal T. Muni, Mr. Navnitlal L. Shah.

HON. TREASURER: Mr. Jethabhai Kalyanji.

LAC CULTIVATION

Bombay Govt. Promises Encouragement

BOMBAY, June 16 (API.) The Government of Bombay is anxious to encourage lac cultivation and is prepared to consider proposals from parties who intend to take up this enterprise says a press note. The forest department will give all reasonable assistance and advice even though the host plants selected may occur outside the forest limits. The forest department also proposes to start nurseries for the supply of brood lac industry.

Detailed information regarding past experiments and any other matters relating to the lac cultivation may be had from the Forest Utilization Officer, Bombay Province, Central Offices, Poona.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF JUNE 18: Scattered showers are likely in the Konkanpati.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS: No large change.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1
TUESDAY, June 17.

244 m (kc/s) 7.30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by Amel) 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 D H Pujari (Sitar) 8.45 Mulchand Nayak (Gujarati Ghazal) 9.0 Sumati Mutatkar (Brindrabani Sarang) 12.0 p.m. Variety Programme (G) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Mixed Melodies 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 Flute Solo 4.30 Teaching of Mathematics (E) by R S Galtonde, Teaching of English by Amv Rustomji 5.0 D H Pujari (Sitar) 5.15 V G Tamhankar 5.35 Sirtaj (Thumri) 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Dattoba Tawde (Marwa) 6.45 Mulchand Navak (Gujerati Pad) 7.0 Sirtaj (Dadra) 7.15 D H Pujari (Sitar) 7.30 Discussion (M) between S Bhandarkar and M V Rapadhvaksha 7.45 Dogane (Rajputani) 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 "Kahvangaro Kanth" play by Nandkumar Pathank 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Unesco Talk by Dr. Julian Huxley 10.0 Maneck Bhagat: Piano (Sonata opus 10 No. 3, Beethoven) 10.25 Peter Dawson: Bass-Baritone (Bedouni love song Pinsuti) 10.30 Naneck Bamboat: Soprano (Hendel) 10.40 Peter Dawson: Bass-Baritone (bandolero Stauart) 10.45 Rusi Mody: Violin (Sonata for Violin and Piano Beethoven).

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Kalbadevi Shooting Case:

POLICE HUNT FOR SECOND ACCUSED

C. I. D. Officer Describes Arrest In Ahmedabad

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sub-Inspector Hansraj of the Bombay C.I.D. gave further evidence today in what is known as the Kalbadevi Shooting Case before Mr. Justice Weston, Special Judge, at the Bombay High Court.

In reply to a question by the Crown Prosecution the Officer stated, that after finishing his investigations at Ludhiana and Jullundar he had gone to Nawan Sahr, where he had searched the house of Mrs. Barkatali, the mother of the first accused. Two letters were seized. The witness then returned to Bombay via Jullunder and Lahore. In Bombay, he recorded the statements of several witnesses.

Witness went on to say that while in Bombay he had dictated several passages in Eng and Urdu to both the accused on different occasions. He handed them over to Khan Saheb Umarkhan who sent them over to the hand-writing expert for examination.

Cross-examined the witness stated that he had not seen a complete record of the case At Calcutta, the witness stated, the Police in consultation with him and Khan Saheb Umarkhan had arrested the maternal uncle of the first accused.

VISIT TO AHMEDABAD.

In the afternoon, Inspector Rane of the Bombay C.I.D. described his visit to Ahmedabad for the apprehension and arrest of the second accused. He had gone there on November 16 along with Sub-Inspector Hansraj. Five days later, after due inquiry, both the Officers besieged the compound of the Munshi Hosiery Mart. Hansraj went in and arrested Gulam Ahmed the second accused who was there. A search was then made in the presence of the "punchas". As a result, a revolver and a few cartridges were seized, which were taken charge of by the police and a "punchnama" was made.

Inspector Sami of the C.I.D. deposed that on November 24 the second accused was brought to Bombay from Ahmedabad, and the day after he was identified by Fakir Mohmed. A few days later all the arms and ammunition that were seized were sent to Calcutta.

Cross-examined by the defence counsel, witness said that he had not taken any part in the general round up by the police that had followed the shooting at Kalbadevi. Nor was he present when the revolver was produced by Fakir Mohmed.

Sub-Inspector Mohmed Sawarkhan described how Fakir Mohmed in the presence of the "punchas" in his own room had produced a wooden box which, as alleged by him, was left behind by the accused, and which when broken open was found to contain a revolver and six cartridges.

Hearing will be resumed on Tuesday.

RESERVATION OF ACCOMMODATION IN TRAINS

New Measures For Eliminating Malpractices

Railways have recently reviewed the measures necessary to ensure fair and equal treatment to passengers requiring reserved accommodation. The review has been made possible by some improvement in the rail travel position.

A comprehensive scheme has been drawn up which has as its object the elimination of any possibility of irregular practices. Reservation registers and platform charts will be prepared in a more detailed manner and will be subject to check at regular and frequent intervals by responsible officials where circumstances permit. Timed and dated certificates will be issued to passengers when accommodation is not available and waiting lists will be maintained.

If the new procedure is to be fully successful, public co-operation is, however, essential. What is necessary is that passengers should refuse to pay unauthorised charge for reserved accommodation to railway staff or to any one else, and should report demands for such charges to the Station Superintendent or the Station Master as also to the railway administration wherever possible. Railways will welcome such co-operation and complaints will be courteously received and fully attended.

HIGH COURT RE-OPENS

The Bombay High Court re-opened on Monday after the summer vacation. Mr. Justice Tendolkar being on leave for a fortnight, only three courts functioned on the Original Side. Two Special Tribunals also functioned in the High Court building, viz., the [illegible] trying Riot Cases before whom the hearing of the sensational Kalbadevi Shooting Case which commenced on 2nd June 1947 was continued, and the second Special Tribunal of Lahore before which the prosecution of the J. K. Gas—Plant Manufacturing Co. Ltd., and others was proceeded with after an unsuccessful appeal to the High Court and to the Federal Court questioning the jurisdiction of the tribunal after it had framed the charges. On resuming the hearing on Monday, the Lahore Tribunal recalled the prosecution witnesses and proceeded with their cross-examination.

CORPORATION REJECTS ADJOURNMENT MOTION

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Pandit Nehru's personal envoy in Europe, was present in the Bombay Municipal Corporation this evening when an adjournment motion expressing "grief" over the partition of India was summarily rejected without debate.

The sponsor of the motion, Mr. R. K. Tatnis, and Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who seconded, termed the partition of the country a "tragedy". The latter said that it was with no joy in his heart that he noted that Mr. Jinnah "had called the bluff of the Congress."

The Mayor expressed pleasure at Mr. Krishna Menon's visit. Mr. Menon sat beside the Mayor for a short while and left after listening to the two short speeches on the adjournment motion.

M. A. AND M. SC. (MATHEMATICS) EXAMINATIONS RESULTS

The following candidates have passed the M.A. and M.Sc. (Mathematics) Examinations held by the Bombay University in April last.

FIRST CLASS NOS.:—86 92 96 104 111 137 151 455 513 540 586 588 608.

SECOND CLASS NOS.:—6 9 11 17 18 19 20 23 26 34 35 45 48 51 58 59 64 71 72 74 87 89 90 100 102 103 105 107 108 109 112 115 116 117 121 122 125 129 130 131 133 134 135 139 146 150 155 158 168 187 197 201 210 212 215 216 229 244 246 247 251 252 253 257 262 263 265 267 268 269 270 274 276 276 278 279 282 287 290 301 308 319 340 416 418 420 429 434 474 477 479 481 483 487 489 491 492 493 503 504 529 538 541 542 546 554 561 575 578 589 590

PASS NOS.:—3 4 5 10 13 14 15 21 22 30 33 36 37 38 40 57 65 66 69 70 75 76 77 80 81 82 95 97 99 101 113, 114 118 119 120 128 136 138 140 143 144 152 153 156 163 164 170 173 174 176 177 179 180 181 182 183 185 186 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 198 199 203 204 205 207 208 209 211 213 219 222 224 226 227 228 233 234 238 246 248 259 242 243 246 249 254 258 260 261 271 272 280 281 288 289 291 294 296 297 299 305 312 314 315 318 321 325 326 327 329 330 333 336 412 413 417 422 433 438 440 443 444 446 448 450 452 454 457 460 472 473 478 480 485 488 494 495 500 506 507 509 510 511 514 515 521 524 532 534 535 543 548 549 550 551 559 560 571 581 583 584 587.

THE RESULTS OF THE CANDIDATES NOS.:—341—411 and 591—600 will be declared on a date which will be notified in the press.

The Results of the candidates Nos. 423 464 and 562 have been held in reserved.

The award of Scholarships, Prizes and Medals will be declared later.

M.Sc. (MATHEMATICS)

FIRST CLASS NOS.:—30 41.

SECOND CLASS Nos.:—4 11 14 17 19 31 33 35 39

PASS NOS.:—13 16 28 42 44

HUTHEESINGH'S PRESS CONFERANCE

Mr G P Hutheesingh, who has returned from U S A, will hold a press conference at 12 noon tomorrow (June 17 Tuesday) at Great Social Building second floor Sir Phurosshah Mehta Road Bombay

INDIAN ARMY

REGULAR COMMISSION

To maintain the reputation of the Indian soldier as a great fighting man the Army of India requires its best youth to join as Officers. Only young men of quality, character vigour grit lovers of rough outdoor and adventurous life need apply

Indian Military Academy Fourth Course

Commences 1st January, 1948.

129 trainees will be accepted for the Fourth Course. Number of vacancies to be allotted for subsequent courses will be notified later.

Last date of Application Extended to 30th September, 1947.

Application forms with instructions are available from the University or College, Headquarters of Military Sub-Area or Brigade Group located at the places mentioned below. Completed application forms must be submitted to the nearest Military Headquarters before 30th September, 1947.

QUALIFICATIONS

EDUCATION—Matriculation 1st or 2nd division, Senior Cambridge with not less than two credits, or Indian Army Special Certificate.

AGE—18 to 21 years on 1st January, 1948.

DOMICILE—British Subject of Indian domicile or descent, ruler or a subject of an Indian State.

MEDICAL—Candidates must be medically fit in all respects.

Location of Military Headquarters

AMBALA	KOHAT
AVADI	KAMPTEE
ALLAHABAD	LAHORE
BANNU	LUCKNOW
BANGALORE	MADRAS
BOMBAY	MEERUT
CALCUTTA	NOWSHERA
COIMBATORE	PESHAWAR
DEOLALI	PISKA
DELHI	POONA
DINAPORE	QUETTA
DERAISMAIL KHAN	RAWALPINDI
GARDAI	RAZMAK
JUBBULPORE	SIALKOT
JULLUNDUR	SHILLONG
JHELUM	SECUNDERABAD
KARACHI	WANA
	ZHOB (Ft. Sandeman)

Direct Regular Commission to University Graduates

A number of Regular Commissions in the Indian Army will be granted to suitable University graduates holding scientific engineering and certain other degrees. During 1947 approximately 148 such trainees will be accepted. The number of vacancies to be allotted during 1948 will be notified later.

QUALIFICATIONS

EDUCATION—Candidates will be required to hold one of the following degrees:—

(i) ARTS & SCIENCE—for service in the Indian Armoured Corps, Royal Indian Artillery, Infantry, Royal Indian Army Service Corps, Indian Army Ordnance Corps or Indian Army Educational Corps.

(ii) CIVIL ENGINEERING—for service in the Royal Indian Engineers.

(iii) ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL—for service in the Indian Signal Corps or Indian Electrical & Mechanical Engineers.

(iv) AGRICULTURAL—for service in the Military Farms Dept.

AGE LIMITS—Candidates to be eligible for a commission must normally be between their 20th and 23rd birthday on the day they apply. Those with Civil Engineering, E & M and Agricultural degrees, however, will be accepted upto their 25th birthday.

MEDICAL STANDARD—Candidates must be in medical category 'A'.

Other considerations being equal preference will be given to members of the U T C in possession of Certificate 'A' Parts I & II and Certificate 'B' Parts I & II.

Selection and Terms & Conditions of Service

Candidates will have to pass an Army Selection Board.

Candidates selected will be required to undergo pre-commission training. On successful completion of training candidates will be commissioned in the rank of 2nd Lieutenant.

Pay & allowances, pension, leave and other conditions of service will be identical with those applicable from time to time to other Regular Indian Commissioned Officers.

Detailed list of acceptable Degrees and Diplomas of various Universities is obtainable from the University or College.

APPLICATION FORMS

Application with instructions are available from Registrars of Universities or Principals of Colleges and all Military Headquarters mentioned alongside. Completed forms should be submitted to the Selection of Personnel Directorate, Armed Forces Headquarters, Mount Coart as soon as possible and in no case later than 15th August, 1947.

AT 177



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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, June 16 (API.) Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours I S T on 16th June 1947.

Ahmedabad 102 83 0 0 minus 1.1 Ahmednagar 96 74 0 0 minus 3.5 Akola 104 83 0 0.8 minus 1.7 Allahabad 112 88 0 0.2 minus 0.8 Aurangabad 99 76 0 0.2 minus 2.7 Bangalore 86 69 0 1.6 minus 0.5 Baroda 98 83 0 0 Nil Bhopal 99 80 0 1.4 minus 0.3 BOMBAY 91 84 0 2.1 minus 5.6 Calcutta 99 83 0 7.1 plus 2.4 Cawnpore 109 86 0 0.4 minus 0.6 Cherrapunji 69 62 5.7 91.9 plus 3943 Dehra Dun 99 65 0.1 1.5 minus 0.5 Delhi 101 Nil 0 0 minus 0.7 Gaya 111 92 0 0.4 minus 1.5 Gorakhpur 109 86 0 1.5 minus 0.9 Hanamkonda 103 87 0 0.6 minus 1.3 Honavar 84 81 T 16.9 Nil Hyderabad Dn 97 78 0 2.1 minus 0.4 Hyderabad (Sd) 115 84 0 0 minus 0.1 Indore 99 79 0 0.2 minus 2.3 Karachi Nil 81 0 0 minus 0.1 Lahore 109 Nil 0 0 minus 0.3 Lucknow 109 85 0.1 1.7 plus 0.7 Mahableshwar 69 64 T 7.4 minus 6.7 Mangalore 88 77 0.2 15.9 minus 5.9 Marmagao 88 83 0 17.1 plus 1.9 Multan 106 85 0 0 minus 0.2 Mussoorie 76 53 1.2 4.2 plus 0.4 Nagpur 104 74 4 0.4 minus 2.4 Ootacamund 70 53 1.0 2.7 minus 1.5 Pachamarhi 91 74 0 2.5 plus 0.5 Patna 109 84 0 1.8 minus 0.2 Peshawar 101 75 0 0 minus 0.2 Poona 92 77 0 0 minus 2.4 Raichur 94 77 0 1.8 minus 0.2 Rawalpindi 99 80 0 0.4 minus 0.3 Shillong 75 64 0.3 9.2 minus 1.3 Simla 75 48 0.1 1.2 minus 0.1 Surat 92 84 0 0.1 minus 1.9 Udaipur Nil Nil 0 0 minus 1.3.

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, June 16 (API.) The following is the daily weather summary for Monday, the 16th June, 1947:—

Thunderstorm rain has been widespread in Assam and Malabar. Thunder showers have occurred locally in East and North Bengal and Kashmir and at a few stations in the West United Provinces, the East and North Punjab and South-east Madras. Day temperatures have been markedly above normal in Bihar, Chota Nagpur and the East United Provinces.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 17TH EVENING: Rainfall will continue in East Bengal, increase in Malabar and extend locally into Bihar, West Bengal and the East United Provinces. A few showers will occur in Kashmir, Assam and the south Konkan. A few thunderstorms are likely in Mysore, the north Central Provinces. The West United Provinces and along the North Madras Coast. Local dust raining winds and scattered dust storms are also possible in south Rajputana and the Punjab.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

An inspiration is a joy for ever, a possession as solid as a landed estate, a fortune which we can never exhaust and which gives us year by year a revenue of pleasurable activity. To have many of these is to be spiritually rich.

—R. L. Stevenson.

The Bombay Chronicle

DOLLARS FOR PEACE AND PROSPERITY

News continues to pour in regard to U. S. A. diplomatic and commercial agreements with countries in all parts of the world. Thus an agreement between the Kingdom of Nepal and the U. S. was signed last month with a view to promoting friendship and commerce. Official commentators in America declare that this agreement with the Himalayan kingdom will provide a basis for better understanding between the two countries as well as between the U.S.A. and Southern Asia in general. Details about the five-year recovery programme in Greece, with the direct assistance in money and personnel are now widely known. American assistance is specifically intended for relief, reconstruction and military purposes. The American Government has recently sponsored a private loan of 10 million dollars for Norway. A programme of economic co-operation between U.S.A. and Mexico was jointly adopted by the two presidents at their recent meeting in Washington. The recent visit of Mr. Truman to Canada had a similar object. Mr. George Marshall, the U.S. Secretary of State last week put forward a definite plan of American aid to Europe and Mr. Bevin is visiting Paris this week to discuss this plan with French Foreign Minister. This evidence of American interest in the economic rehabilitation and progress of countries in all parts of the world is to be welcomed if for no other reason for at least this that no longer can the U. S. A. afford to assume the role of superior isolationism that prevailed in the States before Roosevelt woke his nation up to realize its lasting interest and to face the responsibilities of economic and political leadership. That President Truman is fully alive to the implications of a policy of financial expansionism is borne out by the following extract from a recent speech of his: "By providing economic assistance, by aiding in the tasks of reconstruction and rehabilitation, we can enable these countries to withstand the forces which so directly threaten their way of life and, ultimately, our own well-being. But we can provide the necessary assistance only if we ourselves remain prosperous. And only if we maintain and increase our prosperity can we expect other countries to recognize the full merits of a free economy".

The full implications of an American policy of vigorous leadership for the economic and political fortunes of the world can only be perceived as the results of concrete action in pursuance of the policy gradually unfold themselves. For its own sake and for the sake of other Asiatic and African countries India is deeply interested in the further moves that will be made by the U. S. A. How very vital is our concern in U. S. A. policies will be seen from implied reference to the U. S. A. in current discussions on the constitutional future of India. As it is true for U.S.A., the leader in industrial progress, that it cannot ignore world contacts even if it wishes to do so, it ought to be clear to us who desire early and extensive economic betterment that we cannot afford to neglect friendly co-operation with other nations. While we would desire to remain friends with all nations and to seek mutual co-operation from all, we ought not to forget that one who is friendly to all is really without any dependable friend. While it is not necessary to harbour hostility for any nation the time has come when we must definitely decide our immediate attitude towards American assistance in the many tasks of nation-building that await us. America alone is in a position to spare the capital that we need for our industrialization. For an early and concentrated planning of economic progress even Soviet Russia had to depend upon American machinery and talent. While we should preserve our economic and political autonomy to the fullest extent possible in the context of the new forces of internationalization, a deliberate approach of responsive co-operation with U.S.A. ought to be an important part of our immediate foreign policy. As the U. K. and the British Commonwealth are already committed to such a policy of intimate co-operation with U.S.A. no discontinuity or conflict need be apprehended. Our chances of securing assistance on strictly businesslike and honourable terms, and of being in a position to influence the course of events in the East will be maximized by an early adoption of a policy of cordial, though necessarily discriminating, friendship with the U.S.A.

Our past experience of foreign contacts has naturally made us suspicious and, given the opportunity, we, like most other industrially backward nations, would desire to avoid international complications. The world has, however, moved so fast on the road to universal integration that this choice is no longer open to us. Moreover, even if we could, we no longer ought to desire to remain isolated. The only alternative now open to us are these. We can, if we choose, be willing and helpful partners in the common task of promoting freedom, prosperity and peace. If we decide to remain isolated, or, worse still, if we decide nothing, we shall be dragged by irresistible forces as mere victims. Our honour and our interest ought to decide our choice in favour of the former alternative. How far the U.S.A. have learnt the responsibilities of leadership among democratic nations will be proved in due course. Fortunately there are strong indications that spokesmen of both the American parties are awake to the need of adjusting economic and foreign policy to the requirements of an indivisible peace and an indivisible prosperity. The intensive efforts now being made in America to hold prices down and to bring about an expansion of trade are reassuring circumstances. How hard is the fight that these spokesmen have yet to carry on with vested interests and outworn faiths is seen from the pressure now being brought upon the administration to extend the protective duties on wool. No situation can be altogether free from difficulties and doubts, and ultimately we have to depend on our own free choice and on our resources. But in a fraternity of free peoples desiring prosperity and peace by common co-operative action India should willingly take a place. With its strategic position in the centre of the old world it may not be impossible that India might supply the unifying force which is so obviously lacking in international contacts at the present moment.

Ere The Sands Run Out

Every cloud has its silver lining. "The cloud from Mylapore", as Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer was once called in Travancore, and those of like mind with the latter may claim some credit for the A.I.C.C. unanimously adopting a resolution repudiating the right of any Indian State to declare itself independent and to live in isolation from the rest of India. This is the first time that the A.I.C.C. has taken such a positive stand in a matter connected with the Indian States. The legalistic argument about Paramountcy and Sovereignty has been gone over 'ad nauseam' and it is profitless to repeat it. It is far better to look at the question from a realistic point of view and face the situation as it stands. This has been done brilliantly by Pandit Nehru in the course of his speech at the A.I.C.C. meeting.

To begin with, there have been certain arrangements as between the States and British India. The merest common sense requires that arrangements should continue on a standstill basis, till other arrangements are negotiated. Unilateral declarations of "Independence" accompanied by aggressiveness are apt to prejudice such negotiations.

Secondly, one must look at the possible arrangements for the future. The simplest and from every point of view the best thing is for the States to come into the Constituent Assembly and become units for the Indian Union, either singly or in groups. They would then rank as equals with other units, sharing their joys and sorrows and sharing, too, the powers vested in the Union as well as its responsibilities. If, however certain States do not wish to come in, what happens? Can they become sovereign and independent States with all that such a status implies? Can they, for instance, pursue a foreign policy and a military policy at variance with that of the Indian Union? Can they seek independent treaty alliances with foreign Powers, which do not dovetail with the policies of India; or, worse still, which may be detrimental to the interests and security of India? Obviously such a thing cannot be permitted.

As Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru made it clear, India has no desire to exercise suzerainty or paramountcy. She would prefer to treat all her units as equals. Any State in its senses would covet that position of being an equal unit of the Indian Union. If it does not, if it voluntarily chooses to relinquish such a status and prefers to occupy an inferior position, it must in the very nature of things be subject to some kind of supervision and control—certain inherent paramountcy—of the Indian Union. Therefore, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru was within his rights in warning the independent States and Powers of the world from taking notice of such unilateral declarations of Independence. The A.I.C.C. has now taken up the challenge of the erring parts of the Indian Union. There is time yet to retrieve the blunder. It is to be hoped that the Princes will see the writing on the wall and act wisely before it is too late.

Frankly Speaking

Interesting Contrast

It was a vital session of the A. I. C. C. that ended at New Delhi on Sunday, perhaps the most momentous and vital in the sixty year life of the Indian National Congress. For, it met to give formal decision on the shape of free India that is to come into being. The June 3 plan represents not the ideal which every Indian had cherished and still cherishes. It is a difficult but unavoidable compromise. In the circumstances it is all the more gratifying that, unlike the meeting of the Council of the All-India Muslim League, the A.I.C.C. was according to the usual practice, held in public. The issue was momentous. And not only was it necessary that the debate on it should be free and full but it was also a matter of national obligation that the people of India should know why their leaders and representatives chose a particular shape of independence. The two-day debate gives those reasons in full and by putting the people in full possession of them it discharges the obligation that Congress owes to the people of India.

Gratifying Response

The most important feature of the debate was that in the A.I.C.C., where criticism is traditionally free and unrestricted, only 29 members were found to be irreconcilably opposed to the agreed partition plan. Even the Socialists, whose main objection seems to have been to the acceptance of Dominion Status in the interim period, were more or less in agreement with the decision of the Working Committee even though they did not vote for the resolution. The overwhelming support, direct and indirect, which the June 3 plan received on Sunday last augurs well for the future. And it is the future that counts. The speeches of both Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel reveal how all work was practically at a standstill and how drift was leading to chaotic conditions. The plan is undoubtedly disappointing but it has saved the country from a worse calamity and it has released opportunity for undisturbed work for the rapid and smooth progress of 80 per cent of the country. It has thereby also put the Muslim League on its mettle in the matter of service to the 20 per cent of the country in its charge. The session has also given a clear lead to the people of the Indian Union in respect of their obligation to the sacred ideal of the unity of India, an ideal which has not been given up, which, in fact, cannot be given up and which will one day be achieved if, as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru said, the Union proceeded on the right lines. Immediately before the country is a period of urgency, of trial and tribulations. But the Indian Union can face it with confidence in the ability of its leaders and in loyal support of the people to overcome them.

Arabs And U.N. Commission

On Monday, June 16, the United Nations Palestine Inquiry Committee formally started on its work. To mark the occasion, the Grand Mufti and the Arab Higher Committee, which has decided to boycott the proceedings, had called for a general strike in Arab countries, particularly in Palestine and demonstration of solidarity with the Arabs all over the Muslim world. Reports are not to hand at the time of writing, and, of course, it should not be forgotten that international news agencies are generally more interested in the Jews than in the Arabs, but we have no doubt that, as once before, the response to the call of the Arab Higher Committee would have been complete and universal. In this connection, we must record our regret that the Muslim League did not consider it necessary to do more than issue a Working Committee directive for isolated meetings and prayers in the mosques in the usual course of the daily prayers. It was, in our opinion, possible to secure permission in every city of India to hold public meetings in sympathy with a cause which has no concern with internal political conflicts and has, indeed, the support of every section of Indian opinions. If the League did not think it right, on some strange principle, to seek such permission, surely the matter was sufficiently important for a resolution of the Council of the All-India Muslim League even though the session was called primarily to consider the scheme of June 3?

Regrettable Boycott

But the main question that interests us here is the Arab decision to have nothing to do with the Committee. The spokesman of the Arab Higher Committee has detailed the reasons for its decision in a cable to M. Lie. No honest and impartial man can fail to sympathise with Arab feelings on the subject. The terms of reference drawn up for the Inquiry Committee do very certainty reveal partiality for the Jews and a desire to ignore and bypass as far as possible the Arab case. Apart from that, the problem of Jewish refugees has been purposely linked with Palestine and a deliberately outrageous attempt has been made further to confuse the issue by the introduction of a brand new point, namely, the connection with Palestine of "world religions and interests", suggesting thereby that they somehow override or modify the interests of the people of the country. This new discovery exposes the United Nations' honesty and bona fides to serious question. But, granting all this we regret the Arab decision. The present inquiry is different from earlier inquiries not only in its orgin and auspices but also because it is not strictly limited within the frame work of the Mandate. The terms of reference, while omitting specific mention of Arab demands and the Arab case do not preclude the raising of the fundamental issues of the sovereign democratic rights of Arabs to their country like any other people and of the termination of the Mandate; as also of the opportunity to challenge the Jews to prove their case on any democratic and political principles governing the rights of nations and countries and to challenge the Fact-Finding Committee itself to pronounce clearly upon these issues. The Fact-Finders of the United Nations should be made to pronounce squarely whether they and their principals honestly stand by the basic principles of justice, democracy and the United Nations Charter itself or whether they elect to betray them. They dare not choose the latter course if they are unable to evade the issue. That is why we wish the Arab Higher Committee revises its decision. For, if the Fact Finding Commission chooses a betrayal of justice and democracy, the world will know that UNO is dead and the Arabs also will be justified in taking action to protect their rights irrespective of any obligation to a body that will have amply proved itself to be basely and cynically treacherous.

Our Readers' Views

"Hyderabad & Pakistan"

Sir,—In your issue of June 7, Mr. D. A. Tulzapurkar of Malavli has attributed to me the plea— which I did not put forward in my controversy with Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramyya on the subject of Hyderabad's joining the Indian Union—"that Hyderabad, the Nizam's territory, is Pakistan by itself and that the Hindus who reside in that territory should, if they so desire, migrate to their respective spheres in Hindustan." Evidently Mr. Tulzapurkar had no access to the full text of my statement.

It may be recalled that Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramyya held out a threat that "the moment the Nizam of Hyderabad declines to join the Union or declares his independence, the Andhra, the Maharatta and the Kanarese people of the State will declare their right to join Andhra Desha, Maharashtra and Karnataka," and that "the transfer of Berar to Hyderabad will be resisted to the last man and to the last drop of blood."

In my reply to Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramyya, I made it clear that keeping out of the Union did not necessarily argue isolation on the part of Hyderabad, and that Hyderabad could as well, even as allowed under the Cabinet Mission's plan, enter in the character of an independent State into a friendly alliance with the Indian Union and collaborate with it on terms of equality in matters of common interest to both. I suggested to him that the thought of dismembering Hyderabad was not a kindly thought and that the shedding of blood was a bad business. I therefore put forward the plea "that if it is the main aim of the Congress to remove the Hindus, the Andhras, the Maharattas and the Kanarese people from under the rule of the Nizam and join them under their respective folds of Hyderabad, the right royal method is a peaceful exchange of population so that the Muslims of India living to the south of the Vindhya mountains, now thinly distributed in Bombay, the C.P., the Madras Presidency and South Indian Hindu States, may congregate on the soil of Hyderabad and live a secure life of their own under the aegis of the Nizam."

But I made it perfectly clear at the same time that this would be a fatality for which the Congress would be held solely responsible. Mr. Tulzapurkar, and before him Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramyya, seem to think that the Muslim population thus concentrated would not be equal in strength to the emigrating Hindu population. My view is that the Muslim population of the South, together with the Scheduled Classes who will stay behind for obvious reasons, will easily make up the present strength of population inhabiting the Dominions of Hyderabad.

S. A. LATIF.

Hyderabad-Deccan.

Appeal To Managing Agents

Sir,—Attracted by big advertisements with a long list of (so called big industrialist) on the Board with famous managing agents, many small investors have invested their surplus funds in newly-floated post-war joint stock companies. But today many of these shares are sold nearly at a 50% discount. It is surprising that nearly 80% of the called up capital is still invested in the manner prescribed (Government Securities) as per arrangement with the Central Government capital issue scheme.

It is now time before it is too late for the Directors to wind up these companies voluntarily and thus save the poor investors from calamity. Today the political situation in India is so bad that no body knows what will happen in the future.

In any case promoters and managing agents will think properly and use their wise counsel and wind up the company as early as they can and distribute the remaining among shareholders and save the investors.

J. R. MASTER.

Bombay, May 29.

Craze For Publicity

Sir,—Will you permit me, through your valued columns to register a protest against the debasing of the art of photography which goes on in our midst to-day. I refer to the growing tendency to take snapshots of individuals on ceremonial or other occasions, either joyous or sorrowful, and to convert such occasions into scenes which have to be "shot". I have still to discover what benefit accrues to the community from this blind pursuit of a practice which had its origin in the West. I see no public advantage derived therefrom, but I sense the harm resulting from our pandering, unthinkingly, to a crude form of publicity which helps no public cause. Our nation, has, besides, still to practise, in the times to come, national economy, upholding in all walks of life the creed of Swadeshi. So far as I am aware, photographic materials, such as cameras, films, plates, chemicals are all imported articles. Need we, apart from other considerations, allow our foreign exchanges to be used in increasing the volume of these unessential consumer goods which we can well do without? We hope to be a rich and prosperous country; when our resources grow we may indulge in hobbies and diversions such as are represented by the proper use of this great art. In the meantime, should we not conserve our resources as individuals and as a community, and spend them on things that matter?—Yours, etc.

VAIKUNTH L. MEHTA.

BURY THE HATCHET!

Rapprochement Of Congress And League Alone Can Bring About Cessation Of Internecine Strife

(BY MR. K. F. NARIMAN).

Quaide Azam Mohamedally Jinnah, being a sportsman, will not gloat over his triumph, but having gained his object will respond to Gandhiji's appeal to forget the past and offer free co-operation to his erstwhile political opponent to restore intercommunal peace and harmony in the country.

The Congress, too, being a veteran fighter and hero of a hundred battles, some lost and some won, will not brood over what appears to be a humiliating and abject surrender.

If Pakistan had been won after a bloody and long drawn out fight and civil war, it would certainly have left a long trail of bitterness and hostility behind. But, since this has been a willing partition by mutual agreement in an accommodating spirit of give and take, it should not leave any feeling of bitterness or ill-will behind.

Have there not been numerous instances that after partition and division of family assets and properties, the members have lived even more affectionately and closely than before? A divided house need not necessarily mean hearts and minds as under.

The immediate task before both the great organisations should be to put an end to the still prevailing and persisting insanity and fanaticism and restore normal peaceful conditions and thus save millions of innocent victims of both communities from untold misery, hardship and suffering.

The League has made a good beginning; the decision of the Muslim members in Hindu majority Provinces to participate in the Hindustan Constituent Assembly ought to be welcomed as a sincere gesture of good will and we are sure the Congress will reciprocate in the same generous spirit and receive the returning 'prodigal brother' with open arms.

Since the Gandhi-Jinnah appeal has not produced the desired effect, we may humbly suggest to both the great leaders to undertake a joint tour in all the affected areas and make personal joint appeals to cosmopolitan mixed mass gatherings from common platforms. The psychological mass reaction of such a demonstration will be marvellous and immediate.

Need For Joint Demonstrations

Further, the Congress and the League should start joint and friendly demonstrations to celebrate the advent of freedom for the common Motherland, though now divided into separate abodes of Hindustan and Pakistan.

Bombay is the most cosmopolitan city and uptil recently had also the reputation at least communally of broad-mindedness and tolerance. This city has often given a good lead to the rest of the country in many national and patriotic matters. Will the B.P.C.C. and the local League arrange such a joint common function wherein leaders of both the great organisations should meet on a common platform and appeal to their respective followers to forget the past and turn a new leaf of brotherly affection and fraternal love for the future? Will the deserted curfew areas look again bright and cheerful and active with the joint processions and demonstrations headed by leaders of the Congress and the League to celebrate the attainment of common goal which both desired—the Azad Pakistan and Azad Hind?

Set Up Coalition Cabinets

The one sore point that has for many years caused considerable heartburn and is responsible for greatly deteriorating the communal situation in the country has been the firm attitude of the Congress High Command and the Chairman of the Congress Parliamentary Board in not accepting a League Member as a representative of Muslims in the Congress cabinets in Hindu majority Provinces. This appeared to many a narrow-minded and short-sighted policy. Though the Instrument of Instructions specifically provided for a minority representative, still the Congress, even in violation of the constitution, would rather have its cabinets without a Muslim member, if no Muslim Congress candidate was elected, than include a Leaguer in the Cabinet. Thus, although it is nearly a year since the Congress Cabinet is functioning in Bombay, still they have not been able to include a Muslim member in it. Such an intercommunal political contact in the most responsible and highest administrative body would certainly have had a soothing and harmonising effect on the masses and such a generous and broad-minded step would be a more effective measure to establish communal peace and harmony than the fruitless and futile but, most irritating, annoying and harassing repressive Police action such as 60 and 70 hours curfew in the most congested areas in the city and the Black Act known as the Public Security Act, which would in normal times be a disgrace to any civilised administration.

Bombay Should Give Lead

Let Bombay give a lead in that statesmanlike policy, though belated. Let our amiable, sociable and peace-loving Premier invite a prominent competent League member as a colleague in his cabinet and he will immediately mark the automatic welcome change for the better in the communal situation not only in the City but throughout the Province. In view of rapprochement between the two rival organisations this step would be much appreciated as a reciprocal act of goodwill on the part of the Congress.

PROTEST AGAINST SALES TAX

Bombay Govt's Attitude Criticised

BOMBAY, Monday.

Sankalchand G. Shah, presiding over the first session of the Sales Tax Conference convened by the Bombay Province Sales Tax Protest Front in Bombay to-day, asked the public and the Mercantile community "to shed the defeatist mentality that the Sales Tax cannot be removed and a simpler form of taxation like the Licensing Scheme substituted for it".

Mr. Shah added that the members of the legislature who were dependent on the votes of the public and removable by them could not for long adopt a taxation policy against the wishes of the people.

In conclusion the president urged on the public and the mercantile community to co-operate wholeheartedly with the Bombay Province Sales Tax Protest Front.

GOVT.'S FAILURE

Sjt. Maghanbhai Patel of Poona, Chairman, of the Reception Committee, Sales Tax Conference said that it was a matter of deep regret that the Government failed to pay attention to the cry of the public and the mercantile community to redress the grievances arising from the Sales Tax. The Government had committed a grave error in adopting the Sales Tax Act, which was an ugly child of the Section 93 Government.

After referring in detail to the unjust method of calculating the Sales Tax, Sjt. Maghanbhai stated that the Government even did not pay attention to the policy of collecting the Sales Tax at the first stage, i.e. from the manufacturer, who sold the goods to the wholesaler. He deprecated the frivolous objection of the Government, that this would be tantamount to 'Excise' which was a Central Government source of revenue, since in a judgment of the [illegible] it was laid down that such a tax was not Excise. The distinction was that the Excise was collected from the manufacturer irrespective of the fact whether the goods were sold or not; while the Sales Tax could be collected only on Sales.

Sjt. Maghanbhai charged the popular Ministry of failing to discharge many of its most elementary functions. It could not feed the public; with crores spent on Police, it could not guarantee security of person and property. Instead of taking the public into confidence, it completely relied on the advice of the bureaucratic officialdom. For this state of affairs the Ministry alone was responsible.

Sjt. Maghanbhai proceeding further recounted the difficulties of the merchants under the Sales Tax Act, of having to keep separate accounts, of filling in returns forms, of making payment into Treasuries and always standing the risk of prosecution at the slightest bonafide error. He warned the merchants that the Sales Tax was soon going to prove far worse than the Income Tax. He also blamed the merchants for not acting in wholly selfless spirit in the fight against the Sales Tax and concluded by appealing to them not to rest content until their grievances were redressed.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

MIDDLETON, June 15: Mr. Dean Acheson, U. S. Under-Secretary of State, today proclaimed a relentless American exposure of what he called "the shams and frauds" whereby Eastern European Communist Governments maintain their power.

—A. P. A.

* * *

Reports seem to be prevalent in Delhi, and were mentioned by Acharya Kripalani too, that some Princes are mobilising their forces.

If so, there is no hope for India. Even the Big Five and the Security Council cannot dare to save the country in the certain and undoubtedly right conviction that they, too, will be overwhelmingly crushed by the mighty and irresistible forces of their Highnesses.

No Sir, there is nothing for it now but "unconditional surrender" in advance by the Indian Union.

* * *

On the question of the Indian States, Sardar Patel, says an A.I.C.C. report, referred to Travancore and said he would like to know how that State could become a sovereign State.

By Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar uttering the words: Let Travancore be a sovereign State.

* * *

Shouts Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar: "In this crisis, the sole question for decision by the Ruler and the people of the State is whether they prefer outside dictation or will stand together in vindication of honourable and co-operative independence."

At first blush you might have suspected that the British Indian C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar was inciting the Ruler and the people of the State against himself. But we are sure you have corrected that impression.

* * *

In fact, he made it clear that "His Highness's Government now call upon all the people of the State to rally round the greatest ruler that Travancore has ever had....."

How true!

* * *

In a statement to the Press, the President of N.W.F.P. Muslim League says that League leaders never approved of the Pathanistan idea.

Of course, they didn't. How could they possibly have done otherwise?

* * *

The Arab general strike which was called in Palestine for Monday was to take the form of all Arabs remaining indoors.

It is to be hoped that they didn't receive Jewish bombs while self-immobilised in their homes.

* * *

A European statesman in exile complains that when the Big Powers won the war, it was expected by all smaller Powers that there would be no obstacles to free belief of democratic processes.

But that was when the Big Powers won the war.

"UNO EXPERT FOR BOUNDARY COMMISSION"

Zuberi Committee To Urge Muslim League

CALCUTTA, June 16 (API.) The view that the Boundary Commission to be appointed under H. M. G.'s declaration of June 3 should consist of U.N.O. experts, has been expressed by the Committee formed under the Chairmanship of Dr. I. H. Zuberi, Principal of the Islamia College, Calcutta, to prepare the case of the Bengal Muslim majority areas for the Commission.

It is learnt that the Zuberi Committee decided to urge this on Mr. Jinnah and the League High Command at meeting held today. The Committee considered that the U.N.O. experts should be persons with practical experience of the work of demarcating the boundaries of Succession States created after the first world war. The Committee also resolved to ask Mr. Jinnah to see that reference to the will of the people in the disputed areas or districts was not excluded from the terms of reference of the Boundary Commission.

BIG HAUL OF BLACK MARKET CLOTH

BOMBAY, Monday.

Cloth worth Rs. five lakhs was seized in a raid at a number of godowns in Kalbadevi on Saturday.

The raid was conducted by Inspector Padwal and Dy. Inspector Jal Patel arrested Tarachand Tikamdas and Thakordas Sa.h, who, it is alleged, attempted to sell in the black market cloth alloted for export.

It is reported that the Police receiving information about the alleged activities of the two merchants sent a bogus customer.

The customer went to the residence of one of the merchants at Chowpatty and made a deal to buy 40 'takas' of tennis shirting. When the deal was settled and marked notes of Rs. 2,500 were passed on to the accused the Police arrested the accused. The Police also raided the shop of the accused at Kalbadevi and seized 30 'takas' of cloth. Seven godowns of the accused at Princess Street containing about 500 bales of cloth worth Rs. 5 lakhs were sealed by the Police.

The accused were produced in the Esplanade police court and were released on bail.

PILGRIM SHIPS TO HEJAZ

BOMBAY, June 16 (API.) The following programme has been provisionally drawn up for the sailing of pilgrim ships from the Indian ports to the Hejaz before the month of Ramzan this year.

Pilgrim ships S. S. Rizwani, S. S. Alavi and S. S. Islami will sail on June 30 July 1 and July 5 respectively. The date of the arrival of the pilgrims sailing by S. S. Rizwani is 25th to 27th June in Bombay while the pilgrims sailing by S. S. Alavi and S. S. Islami may arrive in Karachi by 25th to 27th June and 30thJune respectively.



MR. JAGJIVANRAM, Labour Minister, Government of India and Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Labour Minister, Government of Bombay at the Santa Cruz Aerodrome.

WARLIS ON WAR PATH

Landlord Belaboured At Ghol Village

DAHANU, June 16 (A.P.I.): In spite of police vigilance, reports of lawlessness by Warli gangs in Dahanu Taluka continue to be received from Dahanu.

A Parsee widow had to pay Rs. 150 in order to save herself from the clutches of a Warli gang which surrounded her house at Varoti, 18 miles from Dahanu. From another village, ghol, 16 miles from Dahanu, comes the news of a land-lord being severely belaboured and his paddy and cash being forcibly taken away. It is stated that the police find it very difficult to trace the offenders.

Four Warlis, alleged to be involved in the attack on Mr. Mukund Jiwan Sankhe, M.L.A. at his estate at Bandha, in Jawahar State, have been arrested. The police are reported to have recovered some stolen property including a gun from them.

Raja Dhaklya and five others Warlis who were charged with rioting were acquitted on Friday by the Assistant Sessions Judge, Thana.

Violation Of Ration Rules

Four Hundred Cases Withdrawn By Bombay Govt.!

AHMEDABAD, June 16. (A.P.I.): The Government of Bombay have ordered the withdrawal of about 400 cases filed by the Rationing Department in the city for breaches of the rationing regulations on the ground that they were not given sufficient publicity.

Truman Vetoes Tax Reduction

WASHINGTON, June 16. (A.P.A.): President Truman to-day vetoed the 4,000,000,000 dollar Tax Reduction Bill, virtually killing any possibility of a cut in American income-taxes this year.

The Republican-dominated Congress will vote on whether to pass the Bill over the President's veto, but supporters of the legislation stated that they saw no chances of success.

A two-thirds vote is required to enact a law over the President's veto.

Reuter adds:—

In this, his first veto of a measure passed by the Republican-controlled Congress, the President attacked the Bill as offering "curious ill-apportioned and risky benefits at the expense of a sound tax policy and being from the standpoint on Government finances unsafe".

The President, stressing future Government responsibilities abroad, but without mentioning the grants envisaged by the new Marshall "continental plan", told Congressmen: "We are still meeting heavy obligations growing out of the war. We continue to be confronted with great responsibilities for international relief and rehabilitation that have an important bearing on our efforts to secure lasting peace.

"We are in a transition period in which many uncertainties continue. In face of these facts common prudence demands a realistic conservative management of fiscal affairs".

The point has recently been made that the Bill, as approved by Congress, takes no account of any further relief programmes and has been completed in advance of a final congressional decision on Government expenditures as a whole.

President Truman claimed: "A time of high employment, high prices, wages and profits such as the present calls for a surplus in Government revenue over expenditures and the application of all or such of this surplus to a reduction in the public debt (at present estimated at 265,000,000,000 dollars)".

Sending the Bill to Congress unsigned, the President proclaimed that "now is the time to plan for a thoroughgoing revision of the tax system" to cover the entire field of tax revenues. "Such a programme will be an important contribution to economic progress. The timing of such a programme is highly important to achieve economic stability, promote the investment of capital and maintain employment, purchasing power and high levels of productions".

BERLIN, June 16. (U.P.A.): Franz Neumann leader of the Social Democratic Party in Berlin, declared today that there are more concentration camps at the present time in Eastern Germany than at any time during the Nazi regime.

Arab Hartal Against UNO Inquiry

But Fact-Finding Committee President Appeals For Co-operation: Death Sentence On Jewish Terrorists

JERUSALEM, June 16 (U.P.A.): While the British Military Tribunal passed the death sentence on three of the five young members of Irgun Zvai Leumi for their part in the recent attack on the Acre prison, the United Nations Palestine Committee today held its first meeting to work out procedural matters, read the communications which piled up in the past few weeks and to set July 5 as the deadline for receiving written and oral statements from interested parties.

TERRORISTS CONVICTED

The British Military Tribunal, sitting in a sand-bagged and heavily guarded court room, convicted all five of the accused terrorists and sentenced the other two to prison terms of 15 years or more. Only the fact that they are under 18 probably saved their lives.

The sentences are subject to confirmation by Lt. Gen. G.H.A. MacMillan, British Commander in Palestine. Extreme security measures surrounded the trial and all persons participating, including the defence attorney, were thoroughly searched before being admitted to the court room.

The five prisoners sang the Jewish anthem when sentence was pronounced.

All Palestine Military and Police forces, totalling some 100,000 men were alerted during the final phases of the trial to fight any possible underground retaliation against the death sentences. Reinforcements were brought in from Transjordan.

ARAB HARTAL

The United Nations Committee, meanwhile, encountered opposition from the Arabs who refused to cooperate in what they called a biased inquiry. Palestine's 1,200,000 Arabs held a one-day protest strike in which the Lebanese and Syrian Arabs joined. All Arab traffic was absent from Jerusalem's streets, shops were closed and Arabs remained in their homes or in prayer house.

NOT BIASED

Swedish Chief Justice Emil Sandstroem opened the first closed meeting at 10 a.m. The Palestine Government will make a statement this afternoon, while a Jewish Agency spokesman will testify Tuesday. Later the Committee will tour Palestine.

Sandstroem sought to break down the Arab leaders' refusal to co-operate with a direct radio appeal which was broadcast in Hebrew, Arabic and English in which he reassured them that the Committee was unbiased and sought only to learn the facts.

He said: "We do not have beforehand a solution for Palestine, which we know to be a difficult one. We ask the full co-operation of the entire country."

TERRORISTS' ASSURANCE

Irgun and the Stern Gang, meanwhile, circulated pamphlets welcoming the Committee, while an Irgun broadcast said: "The delegates will be the Jewish Underground's guests. There is no danger either to their person or property."

A warning to the Arab Community not to read the "Jewish press for fear of false news during the Committee's stay in Palestine" was issued by Jamal Husseini, acting chairman of the Arab Higher Committee, in an announcement published in all Arabic dailies, while strict internal censorship was imposed on the Arabic press and editors and publishers were instructed to print nothing without the prior consent of the Committee's Secretary.

Palestine Day In City

Secretary of the Bombay City Muslim League writes: The Musalmans of Bombay are requested to celebrate Palestine Day on Tuesday, the 17th June 1947 by praying to God after the usual prayers in mosques for the success of the Arabs of Palestine. In view of the disturbed conditions in the country and the prohibitory orders which are in force against public meetings and processions, the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League has directed its branches not to hold public meetings or to take out processions. Therefore, the Musalmans of the City of Bombay are requested not to take out processions or hold public meetings or observe hartal, but to pray in the mosques for the success of the Arabs.

It is, therefore, regretted, that on account of the above instructions from the All-India Muslim League the public meeting fixed for the 17th June at Kaiser Bagh, Bombay has to be cancelled.

JAP GOODS SCARE IN CHINA

Sequel To Resumption Of Private International Trade

SHANGHAI, June 16. (Reuter): Undisguised concern prevails in local Chinese industrial and commercial circles over the forthcoming resumption of private international trade relations between Japan and the Allied Nations.

Several Chinese business leaders here to-day openly expressed anxiety over the possible effects of such trade resumption on Chinese industry.

Hsu Chih Chun, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce, foresaw an unprecedented industrial crisis facing China as a result of the dumping of cheap Japanese goods into China.

He expressed the hope that the Chinese Government would impose an embargo on imports of Japanese goods which would be produced by China and also urged all the Chinese people to "keep constant vigilance on Japan's speedy recovery under General MacArthur's tutorship."

Mr. Wu Wei Hin, Assistant General Manager of the Chinese Textile Incorporated, voiced apprehension that China's efforts to channel cotton cloth to the South Seas areas, especially Malaya, will be frustrated as Japan will probably concentrate on that market for a start. He described Japan's textile potential capacity as "surprisingly great and estimated that Japan's present possession of 2,500,000 spindles will be increased to 4,000,000 spindles by the end of next year.

Mr. Liupingi, Inspector of the Shanghai Customs, feared that China's existing unfavourable trade balance will be further aggravated with Japan's entry into world markets.



MR. ERNEST BEVIN with Lord Wavell after they received honorary degrees at Cambridge.



Pt. Nehru and Sardar Patel at the A.I.C.C. meeting.

THIRTY KILLED IN ARMED RAID ON GURGAON VILLAGE

Grave Allegations Against Military And Police

NEW DELHI, June 14 (A.P.I.): Some 30 persons including three women were killed, over 200 injured and about 150 houses in the village of Tikli in Gurgaon District were burnt following a recrudescence of riots in the District.

During the early of this morning an armed mob of 200 strong from the village of Ghariat Purbas, four miles away attacked Tikli. The villagers, however, repelled the attack.

According to reports, the District Additional Police who arrived at the spot to defend the village fired 72 rounds.

Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence Member, who made a three-hour tour of the village this evening received a deputation from the villagers who alleged that the village was attacked by the Military and the Police. The deputation told the Defence Member that the police shells had broken up the village pickets who had mustered for defence, and helped the raiders to set fire to the mud huts and loot the village. The Defence Member said that he would make strong representation to the Viceroy about the whole incident.

Two head constables of the Additional Police who belong to the Tikli village told Sardar Baldev Singh that they recognised certain Police Officers who fired at the villagers.

Sardar Baldev Singh examined several dead bodies and found that most of the wounds were due to 303 rifle shots and gunshots.

DOZEN BOMB EXPLOSIONS IN LAHORE

LAHORE, June 16 (A.P.I.): The communal situation in Lahore flared up today when there were half a dozen bomb explosions in different parts of the city. One of the explosions took place in a hospital outside Shahlmi Gate as a result of which over a dozen persons were injured, three seriously. Earlier a bomb exploded in the same hospital but no damage was caused. A wall of the hospital, however, cracked.

Three persons were injured in a bomb explosion which occurred at the entrance to Mewa Mandi (Fruit Market) early this morning. The missile, it is stated, was found wrapped up in a gunny bag in a corner of the entrance.

Enquiries made by the Associated Press of India show that 46 persons including a Deputy Superintendent, one inspector and six police constables were injured in the explosion which occurred towards the evening in the hospital outside Shahalmi Gate. It is reported that a Magistrate and a police officer were interrogating some persons in the compound in connection with the explosion which occurred there earlier in the day, when the missile fell there and exploded.

Two other explosions took place in different sectors namely Kucha Chanda Singh inside Masti Gate and Kucha Abdulmajid in Chowk Matti. No damage, was however, caused.

One person was fatally stabbed in Baghbanpura in the afternoon. The victim who was about to board a bus was assaulted and died instantaneously.

Reports of three attempted arsons have been received upto 6 p. m. An attempt was made to set fire to a house on the Temple Road while two other attempts were made in Nawankot, a suburb of Lahore and Phala Nanak. Two old fires rekindled in Baghbanpura and Mozang but were soon put out.

At the Lahore High Court today, Mr. Justice A. N. Bhandari rejected the Habeas Corpus Petition challenging the detention of Mian Mohammed Shaffi, Chief Reporter of the "Pakistan Times" and the Punjab Correspondent of the "Dawn" of Delhi.

His Lordship held that the petitioner had failed to establish that the order of his detention was 'mala fide.'

MORE ARSON CASES IN AMRITSAR

AMRITSAR, June 16 (A.P.I.): There were four fresh cases of arson during the last 24 hours, one case of stabbing and three casualties involving minor gunshot injuries.

Later in the evening three persons were reported to have been injured as a result of bomb explosion outside Lohgarh Gate.

One person stabbed in Hajipura, a suburb of Amritsar, was brought to hospital in a precarious condition. Three persons received minor gunshot injuries in two incidents in which revolvers were used by unknown persons.

The local police led by Mr. Homladay, Specoal Superintendent of Police in-charge of investigations and Sardar Lal Singh Magistrate, raided a deserted house opposite Kucha Araian inside Lohagarh Gate and recovered 85 live-bombs on different sizes, four hand grenades, 52 cigarette tin bombs and some other bottle type bombs besides 19 tins of kerosene oil, a box of some explosive powder and another box full of broken pieces of glass.

All these articles were concealed in big fruit baskets with certain address over them.

TWO STABBINGS IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 16 (A.P.I.): Reports of two stray assaults, one of which proved fatal, were received from Amherst Street and Watgunj Police Stations, says a press note issued by the Bengal Government tonight. The press note adds. 28 persons were taken into custody in these Arabs.

Howrah continued quiet.

SRINAGAR: Following a minor communal clash in the village of Ushlara about 40 miles from Srinagar resulting in injuries to three persons of which one is reported to have died in hospital. The District Magistrate of Kashmir has banned among other things carrying of kirpans by Sikis under the age of 21.

Several persons have been arrested and further investigation is proceeding.

Jail Delivery On Aug. 15

CALCUTTA, June 16. (O.P.I.): On the occasion on final transfer of power from the British to Indian hands and establishment of new Governments, jail delivery is expected. It may take place by August 15.

City Ban On Lethal Weapons Extended

BOMBAY, Monday.

lethal weapons and corrosive substances like acids in Greater Bombay ... been extended for a further period of one month from June 18.

A collective fine of Rs. 1,700 has been imposed on the inhabitants of one hotel, one restaurant, 12 shops and two stalls from the group of six buildings from Ibrahim Rahimtulla Road, Pydhonie, in connection with the recent disturbances in Bombay.

35-HOUR CURFEW IN DADAR AREA

BOMBAY, June 16 (A.P.I.): A Press note issued by the Director of Publicity, Bombay says:

A 35-hour curfew has been imposed by the Commissioner of Police in the Dadar area from 7 P.M. today to 6 A.M. on June 18 in the following places: Vincent Road, from its junction with Govindji Geni Road to its junction with Goculdas Pasta Road.

RANDER MUNICIPALITY SUPERCEDED

SURAT, June 16 (A.P.I.): The Municipal Board of Rander, a town about three miles from Surat has been superseded up March 1950.

Mr. B. K. Kapadia has been appointed administrator to look after the management of the Board.

The Board, it is understood, has been superseded because it was not maintaining proper water supply, roads etc. for the population of the town numbering about 10,000.

HELIGOLAND TO BE BOMBED

HAMBURG, June 16 (Reuter). The R.A.F. are shortly to bomb Heligoland, the German Island fortress which the Royal Navy devastated in April with explosions that shook Cuxhaven and Elensburg, over 100 miles away.

The R.A.F. will operate both by day and night. A warning is to be issued from Hamburg a week before operations begin, telling all ships to keep at least two sea miles from the island.

AMERICAN LOAN FOR CHINA

LONDON, June 16 (Reuter). An American loan amounting to 500,000,000 dollars will be granted to China at the end of June. Moscow radio said late last night referring to a report from Shanghai.

The broadcast added that the Chinese military command had approached the American Military Mission with a request to grant credit to the amount of 65,000,000 dollars necessary to meet the immediate needs of the Chinese army.

MARSHALL PLAN FOR EUROPE

Britain To Consult Soviet On Implications

LONDON, June 16, (Reuter): Britain is to consult with the Soviet Union in the near future on the implications of the Marshall Plan for economic aid for Europe as a whole, a foreign spokesman said in London today cables Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

Britain will take the initiative in raising the matter with Moscow through diplomatic channels, he said, adding that Britain did not intend to propose the summoning of a general conference.

The spokesman said that Mr. Ernest Bevin, the Foreign Secretary, who is flying to Paris on Tuesday afternoon, would hold "exploratory" conversations with the French Government on Mr. Marshall's plan.

The Associated Press of America adds:—

Whitehall sources reported that Britain, since last week, has received what they called "full clarification" on the proposals for the revival of European economy put forth by Secretary of State Marshall.

The publication in today's "Pravda" of a strong denunciation of Mr. Marshall's plan dashed the hopes which had been growing in London, says Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent in London.

Today's "Pravda" article turned the tables and laid down the conditions of Soviet co-operation.

In the circumstances Mr. Ernest Bevin's talks in Paris on Wednesday will be greatly complicated since if the Soviet Union persists in its attitude, acceptance of the Marshall Plan will approximate to the development of a "Western Bloc" built on the dollar.

SOVIET REACTION

MOSCOW, June 16, (Reuter): The Soviet Communist Party newspaper "Pravda" today described the aid to Europe plan put forward by George Marshall, United States' Secretary of State, as "the repetition of ,President Truman's plan for political pressure with the help of dollars".

It was a plan "for interference in the domestic affairs of other countries', "Pravda" wrote.

"As soon as any country, for instance, Hungary, purges her Government bodies of conspirators convicted in court, there immediately sounds a bossy shout of the United States. On June 12 Mr. Marshall declared at a press conference that when he said 'European countries' he meant a programme of economic rehabilitation in the whole of Europe, west of Asia including the Soviet Union, Britain and other European countries.

This additional explanation, however, manifestly contradicts United State's policy towards East European countries.

Apparently they wanted to present the matter to the American people as though Mr. Marshall were really willing to take part in the economic rehabilitation of the whole of Europe, but that the Soviet Union and East European countries were excluding themselves from Europe because the conditions of American 'assistance' were inacceptable to them"

Aung San Moves 'Objectives' Resolution

BRITAIN MUST TRANSFER POWER TO UNION OF BURMA

RANGOON, June 16. (A.P.A.): A threat that if the negotiations for the transfer of power from Britain to Burma became controversial then "we should resort to other means" was made by U. Aung San, Deputy Chairman of the Governor's Executive Council and President of the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League, when he spoke in the Constituent Assembly to-day.

Aung San moved a resolution that Burma's future Constitution should be that of an independent sovereign republic to be known as "the Union of Burma', with powers and authority to be derived from the people with guarantees of equal treatment to the subjects of the Union and adequate safeguards for minorities.

When Aung San spoke in favour of the resolution, he addressed himself almost exclusively to the Assembly members from the frontier areas and assured them that the frontier peoples need not fear anything.

He declared that it was the frontier peoples' prerogative either to join or keep aloof from the new constitution. But, he warned, if they chose to keep out of the Union, then they must not interfere.

Aung San then declared: "I have been informed by letter that certain members of the frontier peoples have been in consultation with the Governor, Sir Hubert Rance. I can assure you that the British are now unable to solve any of your problems. If you frontier people side with the British and go against us, then it will go hard with you."

He said when the Constituent Assembly had decided on the constitution, negotiations would begin with the British Government for the transfer of power.

"This should be a friendly process," declared Aung San, "but if there is any hitch or controversy, we will then resort to other means not at present contemplated. We have to act in accordance with the situation in the country.

"If the transfer is not friendly, we will have to bring the issue before the Constituent Assembly and press for drastic revolution."

Aung San said he was sure the resolution would result in Burma being recognised as an independent sovereign state. If the demand brought dangers, then the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League would nevertheless go ahead.

Aung San concluded his speech with a direct reference to frontier areas. He said that all that had been done by the Freedom League for these areas was sufficient proof whether the League was kindly or badly disposed to them. He compared the present situation with that of six months ago.

We brought you into the light. Do you now want to go back to the darkness? The constitution we drafted may not be entirely to your liking, but no constitution in the world is perfect. It is for you frontier peoples to decide whether you want to stay with the British or come with the Burmese peoples," he ended.

Indian Immigration To Burma

RANGOON, June 16. (Reuter): Enforcement of the Immigration control in accordance with the Emergency Act promulgated here last weekend is "unlikely for some time", it was authoritatively learned to-day.

This is because the administrative arrangements connected with the new immigration act have not been attended to, though it was supposed to become effective on the date of promulgation. The immigration authorities said that pending issue of the rules and regulations governing new immigration act and completion of other preparations to enforce it, the present administrative arrangements concerning immigration from India and other countries would remain in force.

According to the Burmese Emergency Act, no person except British subjects domiciled in the United Kingdom are allowed to enter Burma without a passport duly visaed by or on behalf of the Burma Government or an immigration permit issued by the Controller of Immigration.

Misra And Mohan Triumphant In First Round

LONDON, June 16. (Reuter): Ghaus Mohamed of India was beaten in the first round of the men's singles in the London Lawn Tennis Championships at Queens Clubs, London, today. He lost to John Bromwich of Australia by 6/1 6/3.

Sumant Misra and Man Mohan of India won their first round matches. Misra beat J Spitzer of Switzerland 6/4, 2/6, 6/2 and Man Mohan beat N. Kitowitz, Oxford University Blue 8/6,. 6/-.

J. Mehta of India beat A. Hamourger of Rumania 7/5, 6/4 in the first round of men's singles: W. C. Choy of China beat W. H. Michelmore of Britain 6/2, 6/1.

PLANS FOR MODEL CITY AT HIROSHIMA

TOKYO, June 16 (Reuter). British Engineers are planning to build a new model city at Hiroshima, the Japanese city devastated in August 1945 by the first atom bomb.

The Australian Officer who heads the engineers is planning a complete western-style sanitation system and the centre of the city will have its own sewage works.

There will be two avenues over 100 yards wide which would serve as "breaks" in the event of any large scale future fires.

D. F. Karaka

Off My Chest

Visiting Delhi has been an education in more senses than one. Visiting this capital city in the week following the June 3rd statement has been a unique experience.

Down here in the West of India, we have little idea of the reality of the present situation. These facts become clear only when you meet in person the men who have forged the new plan and who will be directly responsible for carrying it out.

I have been fortunate in that I have informed myself of the main points of view at the highest possible levels.

First, the British. They've done a delicate job with extreme finesse. It must be regarded as quite a diplomatic feat that Lord Louis Mountbatten got the two main parties in India to come to an agreement. This feat was excelled when he got the sanction of H.M.G. and the Opposition to carry it through.

The Congress is, to say the least, shaken from its smugness. But while shaken, it shows itself capable of rising to new heights. You will see important policy changes in the party. You will see the Congress discard what I call its "fads" one by one. You will see new blood infused in its leadership. You will see it thinking in terms which go beyond the party. The Sardar's new job will be to act as a sort of 'chucker-out" at high party level.

Of Mr. Jinnah, I would say, he was much more at ease than ever. No one is more conscious than he is of the task that lies ahead of him. The appeasement of the multitude is nice to hear but for the new State of Pakistan, its sons will have to roll up their sleeves and build, build, build.

I am one of those who feel sad to see the unity of this country shattered. Even so, I must realize that the split is now final and it is real. Whether you like it or not, Pakistan is there. As Mr. Jinnah said, "Let us separate as friends and remain friends."

It strikes me now that as in the past Mahatma Gandhi called on Mr. Jinnah to save the division and to promote communal harmony he would be setting an example in true Gandhian spirit, if he were call on Mr. Jinnah now—even after the division—and give him in person the good wishes of the rest of India.

A gesture like this would find universal applause in the whole country. For this suggestion, the responsibility is entirely mine.

Viceroy Returns From Simla

NEW DELHI, (Monday) June 16: The Viceroy has returned from Simla. In the evening the Viceroy had a committee meeting composed of the following:—

The Hon'ble Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.
The Hon'ble Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.
The Hon'ble Dr. Rajendra Prasad.
The Hon'ble Mr. Abdur Rab Nishtar.
The Hon'ble Sardar Baldev Singh.
Lieut.-General Sir Arthur Smith.

JINNAH TO MEET VICEROY

Mr. Jinnah will be meeting the Viceroy tomorrow morning, it is learnt.

PANDIT PANT AT NAINITAL

NAINITAL, June 16 (A.P.I.): Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier, U.P., arrived here this morning from Delhi.

Pandit Pant broke his journey at Meerut and Moradabad for a few hours and discussed with officials of these districts the procurement drive and other matters.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, June 16: The Governor of Bombay received Mr. R. A. Hare. Lady Colville and Miss Colville visited the Haffkine Institute where they were met and conducted round by Major J. R. Dogra.

REHABILITATION OF FAR EAST

Economic Commission Meets In Shanghai

SHANGHAI, June 16 (Reuter): China was still bleeding from the wounds inflicted on her by the common enemy of the United Nations and "we are still threatened, just as we were by the war, with inflation and continuous rising prices", declared Dr. Wang Shih Chieh the Chinese Foreign Minister, in an address of welcome at the opening session of the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East here today.

Dr. Wang appealed to the Commission to do its utmost for the collective well-being of the countries of Asia and the Far East and Reminded them that no single nation could live and prosper in isolation.

Mr. T. F. Tsiang, head of the Chinese Delegation, was appointed Chairman of the proposal of India's chief delegate, Mr. R. K. Nehru, and seconded by the Chief United States Delegate Mr. Monnety Davis. A Soviet proposal that the election for President be postponed until all the delegations had made their opening addresses was automatically defeated when no seconder came forward.

VICTORY FOR WALLACE

WASHINGTON, June 16. (Reuter): Judge James M. Proctor refused to ban Mr. Henry Wallace, former United States Vice-President and strong opponent of America's foreign policy, from speaking to-night at the Government-owned Watergate Amphitheatre.

The Judge rejected a petition from the American anti-Communist Association that he should order the Secretary of the Interior to deny to Mr. Wallace the use of the Watergate, over which he has jurisdiction.

Wallace Warns Russia

Expansionism Will Awaken Resistance From U. S. And Britain

WASHINGTON, June 16 (APA).—Henry Wallace said last night that Britain and the United States "would fight" if Russia should attempt to expand southward into Turkey in the vicinity of the Arabian oil fields and the Soviets should be told so.

Wallace in Washington told a press conference that Soviet expansion across Europe would be a threat to world peace and that Russia should be told there is a point beyond which she should not go. That point he added, was near Central Turkey or the approaches to Middle East oil.

While declaring that Britain and the United States would fight if Russia invaded Turkey, Wallace said he saw no evidence that Russia threatened to do so.

He added: "I am not a warmonger but it is important for Russia to know that there is a point beyond which she should not go without awakening resistance. I am confidence that our Navy would fight if she got into Turkey, because our Navy is determined to get Saudi-Arabian oil. But that oil should be made available to all countries."

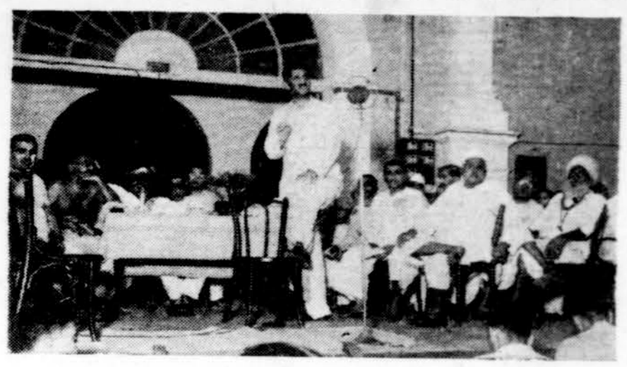
Wallace said that Russia, France and other nations had every reason to demand a fair share in Arabian oil under Article 4 of the Atlantic Charter.

He saw no proof that Russia planned any dangerous moves in Turkey "any more than Russia has any proof that we are going to do anything that way in Greece."

Turkey is a sensitive point", he continued," and one that has to be handled carefully."

He added that developments in Greece and Hungary were mere "chess-playing" between Russia and the United States.

Wallace said that he did not regard the overturn of the non-Communist Government in Hungary as "Russian expansion." He explained that he felt that the overthrow was accomplished by an internal minority rather than a coup by Russia.



Sind Hindus held a conference the other day under the presidentship of Shri Bhopatkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha. Picture shows Mr T Agnani, Chairman of the Conference addressing the gathering.

Gandhiji Amazed At Travancore Ruler's Audacity

NEW DELHI, June 15 (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi was observing silence today and his message was read out to the prayer gathering.

Mahatma Gandhi said: "I am sorry that I was obliged to take silence early in order to be able to speak when the Working Committee meets tomorrow afternoon. Hence this written word.

I would love to attempt an answer to a question which has been addressed to me from more than one quarter of the globe. It is: "How can you account for the growing violence among your people on the part of political parties for the furtherance of political ends. Is this the result of 30 years of non-violent practice for ending British rule? Does your message of non-violence still hold good for the world? I have condensed the sentiments of my correspondents in my own language.

In answer I must confess my bankruptcy, not that of non-violence.

ONLY WAY OF HOPE

One more convincing question has been and is being asked. If you are sure that India is going the wrong way, why do you associate with the wrong doers? Who do you not plough your own lonely furrow and have faith that if you are right, your erstwhile friends and followers will seek you out? I regard this as a very fair question. I must not attempt to argue against it. All I can say is that my faith is as strong as ever. Hence I can say to all my counsellors that they should have patience with me and even share my belief that there is no hope for the aching world except through the narrow and straight path of non-violence.

A RULER'S AUDACITY

One more thing I must mention. The Travancore delegates among others saw me in the afternoon even though I was silent and they assured me that what I had said contained no exaggeration. They told me too that meetings were held in Travancore lathi charges were made and over 35 persons were arrested yesterday. Free expression of public opinion was being gagged. Be that as it may, I have no doubt that declaration of independence on behalf of an Indian Prince was of no consequence in an independent India. Such a declaration was tantamount to a declaration of war against the free millions of India. Such a thing was inconceivable especially when the particular Prince had no backing from the people of his State. The audacity of such a declaration was amazing It was possible when action of Princes had the backing of the British power. If I am not mistaken, things are changed now.

SOCIALISM FOR INDIA

U. S. Foreign Policy Association's Prediction

WASHINTON, June 16. (Reuter): "The Foreign Policy Association" predicted that the Hindu sections of a free India will have an attitude of mixed "friendliness and wariness" towards Russia, while Muslim elements will "make a strong bid for Foreign assistance in many fields."

The prediction is contained in the report released by the Association entitled "The Independence of India" The report is written by phillips Talbot a representative in India of "the Chicago Daily News" and "The Institute of Current World affairs"

Talbot wrote: "The mass of Indian sentiment is opposed to any Russian interference in Indian Arrairs those interests likely to govern Hindustan at first are those which have shown themselves anxious to root out the growing Indian Communist movement"

Talbot said Hindustan will keep close ties with Britain and the dominions but "is likely to be wary of the Dollar diplomacy of financial imperialism that many Indians believe to be associated with American policy "He added, however Hindustan leaders undoubtedly will welcome American enterprise because much good will for America and much respect for American scientific and industrial competence remain in India".

The report added that Muslims "express themselves as anxious for a continuing defence arrangement with Britain"

Talbot concluded: "Most thinking Indians expect their country to embrace some sort of socialism" because "in a no less drastic way They believe can this backward country catch up with the times—nor will the political forces let her try."

FATHER OF 21 CHILDREN

PORTAGEVILLE, (Missouree) June 14 (A.P.A.). Charles D Cameron, 72-year-old cotton farmer recently was awarded a dollar 500 Government bond by the National Father's Day Committee which recognised him as the father of the largest number of living children in the United States.

Cameron is the father of 11 sons and 10 daughters ranging in age from six to 49 years.

HOWARD DONOVAN'S NEW POST

Counsellor Of American Embassa

NEW DELHI, June 16. (A.P.I): Mr. Howard Donovan, former American Consul General at Bombay, has arrived in New Delhi and assumed his new duties as Counsellor of the American Embassy. In this capacity, he will act as charge D'Affaires of the Embassy until the arrival in about one week of the Hon. Henry F. Grady. The first U.S. Ambassador to India.

Mr. Donovan served in Bombay as a foreign service officer from late 1939 until October, 1946, when he went to Washington to be chief of the Department of State's division of foreign service administration. He has now returned to India at Mr. Grady's request to direct the Embassy's work as second—in—command to the Ambassador.



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G. B. S. On Satyagraha

"Common Man's Weapon Compelling Govt. To Act Sensibly"

LONDON, June 15 (I.P.A.): Satyagraha is common man's weapon for compelling governments to act sensibly, said Mr Bernard Shaw referring to the world problems today. He stated that Gandhiji, Pt, Nehru. Mr. Jinnah. Lord Mountbatten, and also "a few thousand nameless nobodies who are trying to kill each other in Bombay, Lahore, Calcutta and in the Frontier Province" were really interested in Britain quitting Indla.

He thought Mr. Henry Wallace was rendering greatest service to the United States and Europe and he hoped Mr. Wallace should be elected President next year.

VIET NAMESE PROPOSE LIMITED TRUCE

PARIS, June 14. (A.P.A.): Heralding a new possibility for peace in Indo-China. Viet Namese authorities have requested a limited truce on the jungle front to allow for talks with representatives of the International Red Cross, according to dispatches from Saigon.

The Viet Namese Foreign Minister, M. Sian, and an official of the Viet Namese Red Cross addressed an appeal to British Consul M. M. Wilson at Hanoi to meet them on board a river craft at the junction of the Rouge and Sondday rivers between June 20 and June 24, the dispatches said.

INDONESIA CAN EXPORT 200,000 TONS SUGAR

BATAVIA, June 16. (A.P.A.): The Minister of Economics, A. K. Gani, announced today that the Indonesian Republic can export 200,000 tons of sugar from the interior of Java if desired.

The remainder of the Javanese stockpiles—which amounted to at least 800,000 tons at the time Japan capitulated—has been consumed or is needed locally, Gani said.

Fighting In Azerbaijan

KHOI, AZERBAIJAN, June 16 (A. P. A.): Planes and tanks went into action against Barzani tribesmen last night after a battle in which the Iranian army lost 30 soldiers and one officer.

An army officer said the Iraqi outlaq band suffered more than 100 killed and many wounded.

The garrison commandant at a village 50 miles north of Khoi said that the followers of Iraqi Kurdish chieftain Mullah Mustafa Barzani were encircled in the north-west corner of Azerbaijan in sight of the Turkish and Russian frontiers and were attempting to break through a cordon of 4,000 Iranian troops.

Fourteen planes based at Maku, 15 miles north of Khoi, began strafing the Barzani positions and 12 light tanks moved up. The officer said that the Barzani band attacked and killed the 30 men and one officer before withdrawing to two mountain villages.

The Governor-General here said that some members of the band, variously estimated numbering between 700 and 2,000 persons, may have escaped into Russia.

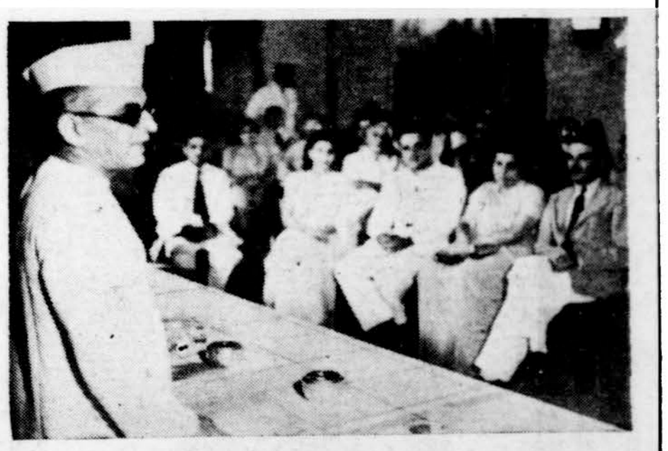
An army spokesman said, however, that the well armed tribesmen were completely surrounded.

It was officially reported that the Barzani band killed 18 Turkish soldiers and one officer while fighting their way back into Iran after a three weeks' chase by the armies of Iraq, Iran and Turkey.

WARNING TO ASHADI FAIR PILGRIM

All intending pilgrims to the Ashadhi Fair to be held at Pandharpur on June 29 taking halt at Kurduwadi Railway Station are informed that an acute shortage of water is likely to be experienced and that water will have to be rationed.

The pilgrims in their own interest are, therefore, urged by the District Magistrate, Sholapur to halt at Kurduwadi Railway Station for longer than necessary and that water at the railway station should be used economically.



K. M. MUNSHI addressing the members of the Progressive Group at the Taj Mahal Hotel on "British Plan is not a calamity."



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Smart Rise In Steel Shares On Speculative Buying

BULLION MARKET FIRM ON INCREASED DEMAND

BOMBAY, June 16.

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened quiet and quotations were mostly well below the last close. There was renewed buying and short covering which resulted in a steady rise and the market indicates that the general feeling is in favour of buy on all declines. The market was favourably influenced by encouraging political news from Delhi.

At the opening Tata Steel Dfd. shares were quoted at Rs. 1,965 against last closing at Rs. 1,980 and firmed up at Rs. 2,015. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 386 and rose at Rs. 395. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1,080 and after declining at Rs. 1,075 improved at Rs. 1,097. Kohinoors opened at 629 and improved at Rs. 635. Simplex shares were quoted at Rs. 352 while Swadeshi shares were placed at Rs 639 Central Bank shares were steady at Rs. 98/8 and Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 33.

There was persistent buying and the upward move continued with scarcity of offerings. The market was cheerful and Tata Steel Dfds advanced further at Rs. 2045. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 398/8 and Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1,130 Swadeshi mills hardened at Rs. 650 while Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 671. Tone of the market firm.

	Range	Diff.
	Rs.	Rs.
Tata Steel Dfd.	90	+70
Tata Steel Ord.	11/8	+11
Dyeing	60	+52/8
Kohinoor	18	+10
Swadeshi	26	+21
Nagpur	8	+ 4
Simplex	14	+13
New Great	3	+ 3
Gokak	9	+ 7
Indore	12 8	+ 9

Today's improvement was mostly confined to active shares on speculatives buying and short covering. It is believed that professional operators are making efforts to move up the market but investment support was limited.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1125 Kohinoor 639 Swadeshi 655 Nagpur 311 Simplex 359 New Great 371 Gokak 325 Indore 567/8 Century 900 Colaba 225 I Bleaching 152 Swan 355 Finlay 319 Morarji 592/8 Edwards 680 Meyer 226/4 Apollo 4/5 I U Ord 16/3 I U Dfd 3 0/6 Madhusudan 305 Poddar 340 Khatau 302/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 398/8 Tata Steel Dfd 2050 Second Pref 164 8

CEMENT

Associated Merger 174/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 487/8 Bellapur 274 Shivrajpur 39/4 Scindia 33/2 Construction 210 Tata Chemical 14 Tata Oil 76 4 Indian Iron 35 6 Bengal Steel 29/6

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 117 Tata Hydro 174 Andhra 1562/8 Tata Power 1689

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 89 Phoenix 1177/8 India Manufacturing 3700 Kooria 290 Dawn 1602/8 David 147 8 New City 230 Minerva 205 Bradbury 630 Bharucha (Defd) 8 Bharat 53/8 Mysore 300 Madhavji 17 Model 196/4 Laxmi 1605 Vishnu 610 Western 3600 Standard 562/8 Sholapur 6120 Saasoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 3600 Tata 79 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Saasoon Silk 80 New Union 17/4 Madhusudan B 60 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 68.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 161/4 (New) 107 8 Surat 243/12 New Pref 140 Karachi 132/8 Broach 12/1 Almer 13/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 202/8 Bombay Suburban 202/8 Bombay Suburban (New) 164/10.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 122 Imperial 2240 P. P. 553/12 Central X R 98/12 Coupon 22 India 235 Union 11 Baroda 168 8 Habib 160 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 78 Jaipur 60 Hindustan Com. 47 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ordy.) 53 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental X D 5550 Empire 865 New India 83/8 Jupiter 34 Vulcan 16 Indian Mercantile 57/8 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22/4 British India General 22 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS

C. P. 110 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 119 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X D 572/8 Steamer 537/8 Burma New 168/12 Burma Petrol 4/3 Mackenzie 185 Port Canning 75 Kemp 475 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 103/12 Wimco X R 280 Dharamsey Chemical 36 Mukund Iron 11/4 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 65 A C C New 56 Bombay Safe Deposit 825

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 209/6 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1375 Tata Power 1415 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 515 Nagpur 685 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 805 Lavmi 302/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 122/8 Bradbury 570 Surat Elec. 211 4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 123 Amalgamated 156 4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 116/4 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 38 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/8 B. I. C. 10 2 Burma Corporation 4/10 New Victoria 5 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 30 Phalton 110 Gold Mohur 370 New Kaiser-i-Hind 400 Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 280 Alamshahi 250 Air Services 15 Air India 180 Birla Motor 8 3

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, June 16.

MILLS.

Apollo 4 4 4/4/6 4/3/6 4/5
Bharat 53/8
B. Dyeing 1085 87/8 80 82.8 75 1100 1097/8 1135 25
C. India 307 8 5 6 3 12 11
Elphinstone (Ord.) 88 90 89
Finlay 313 10 12
Gokak 318 16 25
I. U. (Defd.) 2/15.6 2/14/6 3/1 3.0.6 (Ex Div.)
I. U. (Ord.) 15/8 15.12 15/11 16 3 (Ex. Div.
Indore 560 57/8 62/8 55 57/8
Khatau 302/8
Kohinoor 628 30 29 33 22 25 24 32 30 34 39 39
Laxmi 1605
Meyer 223/12 27.8 26/4
Model 196/4
Morarji 591/4 92/8
New Great 370 64 71
Podar 340
Simplex 345 50 48 52 50 59
Swadeshi 633 35 29 39 36 57 55
Swadeshi (Pref.) 146/4 (Ex. Div.)
Swan 354 55 52 55
Tata Mills 79 79/8 79
Sholapur 6185

BANKS.

Baroda 169 68 8
Central 98 8 98 98 8 98 98/8 98 12
Imperial (Old) 2240 50 40
Imperial (New) 555 56/4 52/8 53 12
India 233 35
Reserve 121 21/8 21 22
Union 11 10/14 11
U. Commercial 76 8 78 76

ELECTRIC.

B. Tram (Ord.) 114/8 16.8 16 17 16.8 17/8 17
Hydro 173 74
Hydro (Pref.) 136/4
Power 1675 62/8 80
New India Ass. 82/8 83/8
Scindia Steam 32/2 31/15 38 32 14 38/4 33/2

STEEL.

B. Steel 28/6 29 26/10 28/11 28/10 29 6
I. Iron 35 35/4 34/11 35/10
Tata (Defd.) 1960 97/8 85 95 75 80 75 77/8 65 97/8 95 2025 12/8 50
Tata (Ord.) 388 93/8 87/8 91 90 97/8 95 99 97 8 400 399 99/8
Tata (IInd Pref.) 166 64/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 585 72/8 (Ex. Div.)
A. C. C. (Old) 174 73 74/8 73 8 76 74/8
A. C. C. (New) 55/8 56/8 55/8 56
Belapur 269 71 68 72 71 74
B. B. (Old) 472 8 77/8 75 77/8 71 4 87 8
B. B. (New) 165 67/8 66 68/12
B. B. Petrol 4/2 6 4/3
I. Bleaching 152
I. I. Trust 103/8 3/12
Port Canning 75/8 75
P. Construction 204 2 10
Shivraipur 38 39/4
Tata Chemical 14/4 14
Tata Oil 76 75/8 76/4
Wimco 272/8 80

SPECIAL

Ahmedibad Elec. (New) 105 7/8
Central Bank (New) 98 100/8 100
Central Bank Coupon 22 22/8 21/8 22
Kohinoor Coupon 69 70 68
New Prince of Wales 415.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 16.

Tata Deferred 2050 I .tS a?tt
Tata Ordinary 399/8 Tata Deferred 2050 Indian Iron 35/10 Steel Corpn. of Benagl 20/6 Bombay Dyeing 1125 Central India 311/4 Gokak 325 Kohinoor 638/12 Simplex 359 Swadeshi 655 Tata Power 1680 Associated Cement 174/8 Belapur 273/12 Bombay Burma (Old) 487/8 Scindia 33/2 Central Bank 100 New India 83/12 Tata 2nd Pref. 164/6

BANKERS' CLEARING

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' House during the week ending the 13th June 1947 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 132875
Amount of Cheques: Rs. 32.69.15.-957/0/0

HAPUR MARKET

HAPUR, June 14.

Forward business in Mustard Seed suspended today following U. P. Government's warning that such transactions were still banned. Bullion and Bardana remained steady Gur recorded further advance food grain prices seocks and undertone unchanged Gur 15/8 Bilticut 19 Shakar 14/12 Sarson Ready 23/12 Taraseed 18 Gronudnut 14 Cottonseed 12/8 Oil 64 Oats 9/12 Methi 12 Bardana Asar 15/10 Asuj 78/4 Oilcake 6/14 Silver Forward 168/9 Opened 168/4 Lowest 167/6 Gold Forward 109/4 extremely steady.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, June 16

The local Bullion market was strong to-day under active buying and short covering.

There was active demand for Gold which was pushed to a new high level. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114/8. Ashad delivery Gold opened at Rs. 113 and advanced at Rs. 114. Sovereigns were also in good demand and were quoted at Rs. 73/12. Ready Silver opened at Rs. 173 and quickly advanced at Rs. 174/8 on brisk demand but later steadied at Rs. 174 on scattered realising.

Later on there was mixed business. Silver was steady at Rs. 174/6 on scattered buying while Ashad Gold was quoted at Rs. 113/14 on small realising.

The market finally closed as under:

Ready Silver	174	4	0
Ready Gold	114	8	0
Ashad Gold	114	2	0

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET CLOSED

BOMBAY, June 16.

The local cotton market remained entirely closed today as a mark of respect to the death of Mr. Haridas Madhavdas Amersey Vice-President of the East India Cotton Association. The market will close at 1-30 p.m. on Tuesday to enable members to attend Uthamana Ceremony.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY June 14.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing
July	440-1/2	437-1/2	437-1/2
Sept.	451	448-1/4	448-1/4
Karachi 4F			
July	48-15-9	48-10-6	48-12-6

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1367 cent. points below New York September at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 16.

The produce market was very steady with buying by offices. Castorseeds September opened at Rs. 143 and advanced at Rs. 144 on speculative buying and short covering but reacted at Rs. 143/4 on scattered realising linseed ready was placed at Rs. 28/6 and July/August delivery business was done at Rs. 28/6, September delivery linseed was quoted at Rs. 28/10 Castorseeds ready Bombay were quoted at Rs. 29/12 while Navlakhi and Goa delivery stood at Rs. 29.8. Cawnpore Bold were quoted at Rs. 28/4 Groundnut Khandesh quality were very steady at Rs. 32/8 while Coromandel and Bold were quoted at Rs. 31/8 Groundnut oil Bombay mills was quoted at Rs 19/2

Later on there was increased profit taking and Castorseeds September declined at Rs. 142/10.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 16.

B C Rates I I D D 1/8 15 16 Ready.

B C Rates I I D D 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling I I. D. D. 1/8 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling I I. D D 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T I. 1/8 1/32 to 9th Months

London Banks Buying T. I. 1/8 1/16 10th 12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/16 to 4th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 3/32 5th and 6th Months

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/8 7th-9th Months

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 1/8 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/8 5/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d st 1 8 3/16 7th and 9th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/8 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/8 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/8 7/32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES.

B.C. Rate T. T R. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D N. Y. Rs. 329

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4

Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 3550

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fl 79.

Java Banks Selling T T D D nil.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157

Burma Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 100 1/2

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 11/16 to 4.02 13/16.

London Discts. 3 mos 17/32%

London Discts 6 mos. 9/16-5/8%

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%.

Money:—Call 1/4 p.c, 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c. 12 Months 1-1/4 per cent.

Tone: Easy

CALICUT MARKET

CALICUT, June 16.

Coiryarn Beypore 190/200 Quilandy 205/215 Fibre Garbled 165 Ungarbled 160 Cocoanuts Raw. 110 Dry 140 Cocoanutoil 480 Copra Office 310 Dilpasand 325 Madrasnottam 340 Pepper Wynaad 550 Country 535 Dryginger Chernad 250 Ernad 240 Coffee Robusta 88 Timber Pali 50/52/8 Junglewood 28/29 Vellapine 4/455 Benteak 50/55 Teak 95 Mangoplanks 3/8 Teak 14/18 Rosewood 15/16.

WORLD COTTON CRISIS AHEAD?

WASHINGTON, June 15 (Reuter): The Department of Agriculture has reported that world cotton consumption is well above production and if the trend continues through another season a "tense supply situation would develop in 1948."

It was estimated world consumption in the current season to be approximately 27,500,000 bales and the 1947 crops will be less than 21,500,000 bales

RAW COTTON SITUATION

The Patel Cotton Co. Ltd., has issued the following weekly report:—

The up-trend of the July contract in New York continued for the week under review reflecting the increasingly tight position of old crop. It was also partly due to short covering before the first Notice Day—24th June. New crops have also moved up considerably high, the nearer months showing a more bullish attitude than the far ones. Mild support came from the apprehension that the Mississippi may flood the adjoining cotton tracts.

The International Statistical Bureau puts its acreage estimate for cotton at 21,429,000 acres, which is a decline of 65,000 acres over its one month old estimate.

It is welcome news that the International Cotton Advisory Council, which met in Washington on 9th June, has focussed its attention on gathering regular world-wide statistics on production, consumption and stocks of raw cotton. The trade will keenly await the results of its deliberations.

It has been announced by the Department of Agriculture that the premium for 15/16 inch Middling over 7/8 in this year's loan will be 145 points, which is a decrease of 10 points compared with last year.

BUSINESS WITH JAPAN.

The return of the United States Trade Mission to Japan was followed by a very important announcement from the War and State Department, U.S.A. Private business between Japan and various allied countries will be permitted from August 15, 1947. Owing to earlier commitments, cotton textiles, along with raw silk and the 1947 tea crop, will be reserved for Government to Government trade. The Trade Mission expresses the opinion that due to the fluctuation in the exchange value of the Yen, the initial trading is likely to be on a barter basis.

The latest reports from Egypt tell us that the steps the Egyptian Government has been taking against leaf worm attack are succeeding and that losses in yield will be less than previously feared.

LOCAL ACTIVITY.

The Bombay forward market was more active on account of the Government of India's decision to permit unrestricted export of cotton until 31-8-47, provided freight has been secured. Bored by its own inactivity of the past several weeks, the Forward Market found an excuse to act and the opening of September contract on 10th June was nearly Rs. 7 higher than the previous day's closing. After dropping slightly, it moved sharply, to 447 1/2 and closed for the day at Rs. 445 5/8. On the following days, it fluctuated from Rs. 445/- to Rs. 448 1/2 and closed on Friday at Rs. 446 1/4.

The July contract has reappeared above the floor, and quotes about Rs. 9 1/2 under September.

Dealing with facts, the actual position of cotton does not warrant such a rapid recovery in the forward market, at least for the time being. First of all, the permitting of free exports is declared to be a temporary measure and the Government have taken care to warn the exporters that the concession is available only till August 31, 1947. Besides, even out of the export quota of 15 lacs bales for the current cotton year, hardly 6 1/2 lac bales have been actually shipped by now.

The announcement would have justified considerable optimism had it been a long term rather than a short term policy. Indian cotton has a really wide field in foreign markets provided the foreign consumer is assured that he will have it when he wants it in suitable quantities. An export policy, such as the one our Government has followed, is inclined to take away any element of stability in the shipping position. The Government will do well to announce, as soon as possible, a policy on which both the Indian and foreign trader can base reasonably long-termed calculations.

News has just arrived that the Government have referred the question of floor and ceiling prices of Raw Cotton for the season 1947-48 to the Commodity Prices Board. On receipt of the Board's recommendation, the Government will announce their decision on Cotton prices and the opening of new crop trading, the press note adds.

At Sewri market inquiries for Vijay have broadened and the premia also have gone up by about Rs. 5 -.

TOKYO, June 16. (Reuter): The two Royal Indian airforce pilots killed in spitfire crashes in Southern Honshu were Flying Officer J A. Martin, 3 Arvil Road, Lucknow and Flying Officer Gur Gayar Singh of the Isewal district in the Punjab.

India Maintains High Place In Australian Trade

Releasing the latest figures of the Australian Government Statistician on trade between India and Australia the Senior Australian Government Trade Commissioner in India, Mr H. R. Gollan said in Bombay that India was maintaining her position as the third most important supplier of goods to Australia.

Mr. Gollan said that official figures were now available for the first ten months of the current financial year. These showed an astounding increase over the same ten months' period ended April 1939

During the ten month period ended April 1939, India was seventh in importance as a supplier of goods to Australia with a total of £Stag. 4,388,000 (Rs 21,840,000). For the same period ended April this year India sonld goods to Australia worth £Stg 12,170,000 (Rs 162,266,666) and was exceeded only by the United Kingdonm (£Stg. 55m.) and U.S.A (£Stg. 25m.) in Australian import trade.

The increase in India's sales to Australia on the basis of this comparison amounted to 409.75 per cent.

AUSTRALIAN EXPORT TO INDIA

As an export market for Australian goods. India has moved from ninth place for the ten months ended April 1939 to sixth place this year.

Australian sales to India in the 1939 period were £Stg. 1,259,300 (Rs. 16,789,333) compared with £Stag. 8,857,600 (Rs. 118,101,333) for the ten months ended April 1947. This was an increase of 603.60 per cent.

During this year's ten month period India received twice as much as Australian wheat as any other country and about 60 per cent. of the total wheat exports from Australia. Shipments totalling 6 447,812 bushels valued at £Stag. 2,808,000 (Rs 3½ crores) were made. For the same period of 1946, India received 3,010,290 bushels of Australian wheat which was nearly 90 per cent. of total Australian wheat exports in that year.

GOLD PRICE RISE RUMOURS RENEWED

WASHINGTON, June 13, (U. P. A.): With President Truman's return to the White House from his Canadian visit, the Wall Street rumours of an impending rise in the gold price cropped up again today, and again they were emphatically denied by Treasury Department officials.

Prior to Truman's departure for Ottawa, there was some speculation whether his discussions with Canadian Prime Minister Mackenzie King would cover a possible boost of the United States buying price for gold. But it was affirmed here today that the gold price was not mentioned at Ottawa.

Moreover, Truman could give the Canadians no assurance that the price would be raised because the President no longer has the authority to raise the gold price. The last change in the gold price came on January 31, 1934, when it was raised from $20.67 per fine ounce to $35.00—the current price.

While Secretary of the Treasury John Wesley Snyder was unavailable for comment, it was recalled that he only last Wednesday emphatically denied any plans for revision of the gold price. While Government officials in some quarters were denying any recent discussion of gold prices—it was known that certain high Treasury officials had closeted themselves behind locked doors most of the day. Among these was Andrew N. Overby; former New York Federal Reserve official, and now, Snyder's chief advisor on international monetary matters; and one of the foremost gold authorities in the Treasury.

Another who could not be reached, but who is considered well up on the subject, was Joseph O'Connell, Jr. Treasury General Counsel.

Besides Congressional action which would be required in the event of a raise in the gold price, it was explained that International Monetary Fund officials also would have to be consulted to the United States agreed, as part of its membership, not to change the value of its currency more than ten per cent without specific approval of the Fund. This is required of all members.

More Yarn & Sugar For Sind

KARACHI, June 16. (U.P.I.): Mir Ghulam Ali Khan Talpur, Minister for Civil Supplies, Sind, met Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member, and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Member for Industries while in Delhi. He represented for increased quota of yarn, textiles, gur and sugar, and succeeded in his mission.

It is learnt that Sind will now get 1,000 bales of yarn per month instead of 432 bales. Similarly, Sind has been given 1,200 tons of sugar over and above her quota. At the same time, the U.P. Government have been asked to supply Sind as much gur as she wants.

Hereafter, Sind will get only 5 per cent. of the printed cloth in her quota instead of 17½ per cent. which had almost killed Sind's cloth printing industry.

NO TRANSACTIONS AT THE YARN EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, Monday.

No business was transacted on the Yarn Exchange today on account of the sad demise of Seth Haridas Madhavdas, J.P., the Chairman of the Exchange since its foundation.

The Forward Cotton Market as well as the Rooms at the Cotton Green Buinlding, Sewri and the Cotton Exchange, Marwari Bazar, remained closed today, (Monday), as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Seth Haridas Madhavdas, Vice-President of the Association.

The Forward Cotton Market will also remain closed after 1-30 p.m. on Tuesday, it being the 'Uthamana Ceremony' day.

No Restriction On Jute Export

NEW DELHI, June 16. (A.P.I.): A Government of India Official today denied a recent press report that exports of Indian jute were being restricted only to those countries which sent foodgrains to India. Citing the specific case of New Zealand, he stated that the country had received in common with other countries, an allocation of jute based on its pre-war imports. The only country with which India had entered into a grain-for-jute agreement was the Argentine, but this case was exceptional in view of the large quantities of foodgrains available in that country for export.

FOREIGN MONIES
DRAFTS . . . BILLS

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INDIA: Bombay, Calcutta
JAPAN: Tokyo (Limited)
MEXICO: Mexico City
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Give your Child RESISTANCE AGAINST ILLNESS



LACK of proper food usually brings epidemics with it, and children are most liable to be among the victims. That is why Scott's Emulsion is so important for your child now. Delicious tasting Scott's Emulsion is an unrationed extra food tonic made of easily digestible pure Cod Liver Oil rich in Vitamins A & D, with salts of calcium and phosphorous added. It ensures vigour, healthy growth and resistance to infection.

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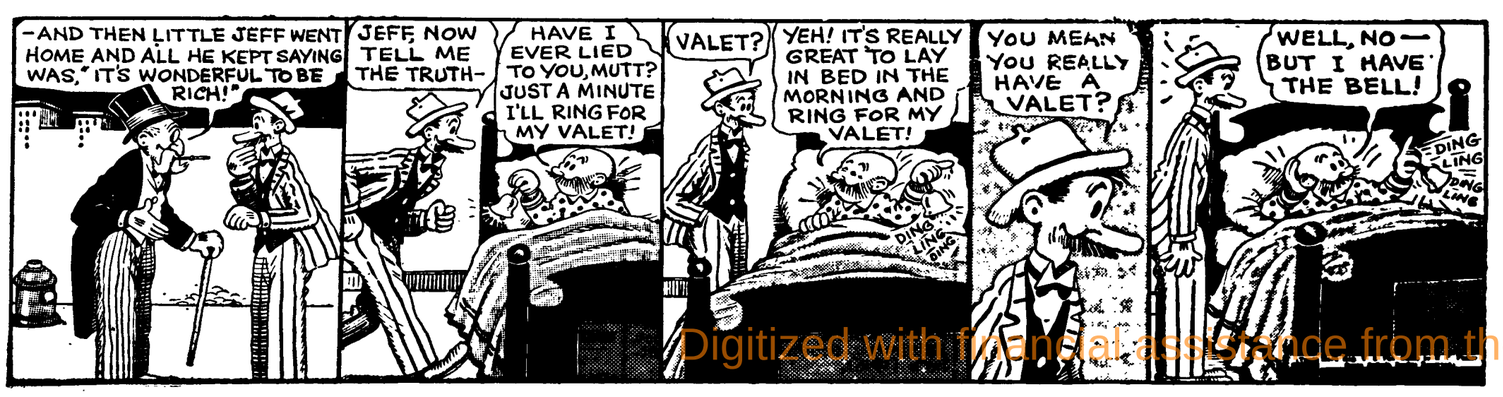
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Sold in 8 oz. and 20 oz. bottles the larger size is both value.

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MUTT AND JEFF—Who Can Tell, Maybe The Bell Is A Ringer Too

By BUD FISHER



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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL.

Wanted Spinster or Widow age 20 to 25 for a Maharashtrian Brahmin widower of 32, no issues from deceased wife. In Government Service Rs. 150/- P.M. girl only preference, no sub caste restriction. Ex service girl also can correspond Apply Box No 6214, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately for the M. E. Board's Arts College, Dharwar, a lecturer in Mathematics. In the scale of Rs. 100-5-200. Higher starting salary shall be given to persons with high qualifications and experience. Applications, stating age, qualifications, experience, if any, and salary expected, should be sent to the undersigned. V. R. Mudholkar, Secretary, Karnatak Education Board, Dharwar 4031

Wanted efficient Lino Operators. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 200A "The Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Actors and Actresses for six Film Productions in Bombay on salaries from 500 to 3.000. For particulars contact Chitra Kala Mandir Ltd., Jaipur. 6218

Wanted a qualified Engineer, experienced in running an Oil Mill Also experienced Fitters and Mechanics to work at Sangli. Apply with certificates to M/s Near East Trading Co. (India), 32, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. (6200)

Applications are invited for the post of Assistant Economics Officer in the Economic Research Section of the Indian Central Jute Committee in the scale of Rs. 350-25-650 with usual war and other allowances admissible to Central Government servants in Calcutta. The post is temporary but is likely to continue. Candidates must be Graduates in Agriculture with qualifications in Agricultural Economics and experience of field work. Knowledge of Bengali is essential. They must not be more than 35 years of age. Preference will be given to applicants with foreign qualifications. Applications with copies of testimonials should reach the Secretary, Indian Central Jute Committee, 4, Hastings Street, Calcutta on or before the 27th June, 1947. Those who have already applied for the post in response to the earlier advertisement need not apply again. 4027

Wanted—A Lady Doctor (Registered Medical Graduate or Licentiate) with experience in Maternity and Child Welfare for conducting a welfare unit at Bhilawadi (District Satara). The scale of pay for M.B.B.S., is Rs. 150-10/1-250 and Licentiate Rs. 100-5/1-150 with actual travelling expenses and dearness allowance according to Government scale. The post is permanent. Applications should be sent to the undersigned before 10th July, 1947. (Dr.) K. S. Mhaskar, Joint Honorary Secretary, Bombay Mothers & Children Welfare Society, No. 10, B.D.D. Chawl, DeLisle Road, Post Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11. 4032

Wanted Candidates seeking suitable employments to consult with Kapoor & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (6209)

SITUATION WANTED

A B.Sc. Graduate Typist, knowing Kannada, having experience in teaching and office routine is open for immediate engagement. Contact Box No. 6240, "Bombay Chronicle."

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

The Growing Plastics Industries offer unlimited scope for the right men. If you are ambitious and wish to succeed, the British Institute of Plastics Technology will train you by an up-to-date postal course easy to study in your spare time, to equip you with the knowledge you require. Apply for free prospectus and full particulars to the British Institute of Engineering Technology, Dept. 3 11 P.O. Box 1025, Bombay. 3808

Sri Krishna Music Academy Matunga (G.I.P.) Bombay No. 19, Reopens on Wednesday, 18-6-1947 at the premises of the South Indians' Welfare Society High School, 'Park View', opposite Napoo Gardens. Working Hours: 7 to 9 a.m. & 5 to 8 p.m. New Admissions are open. T. S. Krishnaswami, Principal. (6229)

ISEC Home Study Courses: "Successful careers in the India of Tomorrow" (Foreword by Sir M. Visveswaraya) guides you to pass recognised examinations in your branch of Engineering, Technology or Commerce. Special Courses for Competitive (Federal Commission), Actuarial and Cambridge Examinations. Success guaranteed under India's ablest professors. Mention profession interested to Secretary Post Box 1173/Y, Bombay 1. 6172

MEDICAL ADLETS

Kailash Hills Herb (Regd.) relieves Asthma radically by one dose to be taken on 3-7-47 (full moon). Note:—Mr. Shambhu Dyal Naib Dewan and Judge, Makrai State, writes that 18 out of 20 patients cured by this wonderful Herb. Apply to Brahmachari G. Das, Shri Sidh Brahmacharya Sewa Ashram P.O. Chitrakot, U.P. 6211

Ansuiya Hills Herb: A most powerful and well renowned Asthma extra ordinary herb for more than 150 years founded by a Sidh Mahatma to be taken once in a month on full moon day 3-7-47. Correspondence in English Mahatma S. K. Dass Sri Sant Sewa Ashram. P.O. Chitrakot. (Banda). 6219

PUBLIC NOTICES

B. B. & C. I. RLY.

TENDER NOTICE

No. CP|23 and C.P.|24

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form No. G.S. 204 for the purchasing of the following.

Commodity.	Quantity required in B.Mds. for:— Dohad.	Godhra.	Baroda.
1. Firewood —	250		1000
2. Charcoal	1000	300	1700

TENDERS closing on 21-6-47 at 12-0 hrs. in the Office of the Asstt. Controller Grain Shop, Freelandgunj, Dohad.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the Asstt. Controller, Grainshop Department Freelandgunj Dohad, on application.

ASSTT. CONTROLLER,
Grain Shops, Dohad.

(4042)

COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY

NEW SESSION begins from July 9, 1947. The College offers a three years course of B.Sc. Agriculture and a two years course of M.Sc. (Ag.) in Plant Physiology, and Mycology and Plant Pathology.

QUALIFICATION FOR ADMISSION:—

For B.Sc. (Ag.)—I.Sc. with Botany and Zoology or Biology or I.Sc. (Ag.).

For M.Sc. (Ag.)—B.Ag., B.Sc., (Ag.) or B.Sc. with Botany.

Hostel accommodation is available for all students.

Handbook of the College and application form can be had from the Principal.

Application with a registration fee of Rs. 2/- (Postal Order or Money Order) must reach the Principal's Office not later than July 1, 1947.

3817

PERSONAL ADLETS

By consuming one pound of Sana-Vita, the ideal tonic food beverage, every month (recommended by all India celebrities like Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, H.E. The Lady Mountbatten & others), you may make yourself eligible to compete on the Consumers' Benefit Scheme —awarding Rs. One Lakh in prizes to the consumers. For details apply National Nutriments Ltd., (Sales Office), 1, British Indian Street, Calcutta. 1. (4028)

The readers of this paper may kindly supply their full names and addresses to:—Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company. Post Box Number—713—Bombay 1. (6215)

LOANS & MORTGAGE

Loans upto Rs. 1,000/- are given against personal signature only. Apply for terms: All-India Loans Ltd., Nasik Chambers, next E. G. Hospital, 211, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay. (6227)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents or Stockists for our Pearl, Horn & Nut Buttons. Diamond Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (6225)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/-. Fluorescent tubes and reflectors. Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: Young businessmen to co-operate as partners to uplift a big Insurance concern and make good profit. Small investment and active workers invited. Box No. 6177 "Bombay Chronicle."

Available Ready Silk Parachutes 24 panels with cords unused. Lying in bond Bombay Harbour. Those having export licence and interested in purchasing same please write immediately to Post Box No. 1058, Bombay. (6232)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Arriving Shortly Large stocks of reconditioned Printing Machines (Treadle, Wharfedales, Litho and Rotary Offsets) Block Making Plants, and Cutting Machines in popular sizes. For details write to the Print & Paper (Sales) 4|7A, Waterloo Street, Calcutta. (3930)

For Sale appx. 92,000 feet acid grade quality Steel Wire Rope, 100 to 110 tons tensile, 2.5|8" circumference, in fairly good condition. Offers to General Manager, D. H. Ry., Kurseong, N. Bengal. (4009)

For Sale:—Large number of electrical and hand operated Adding and Calculating machines, with and without roller top tape of different makers e.g. Victor, Allen Wallis, Merchant, Friden, Underwood, Remington Dalton, Munroe, and Burroughs Electric Machines work on 110V A.C. current. But with slight modification, can be operated on 220V. These are in good serviceable condition. For full particulars apply quoting ref. No QM/161/11 to Sales Manager, Tata Aircraft Ltd., Titaghur Air Depot. 24 Parganas, Bengal. Phone Cal. 3081-7 Grams: Tatacraft, Titaghur. 4029

Excellent Ash and Horse Chest Nut Woods on moderate rates. Correspond The Timber Supply Co., Poonch (Kashmir). (6212)

"Tissue Paper"—Available for immediate delivery, white Acidfree Tissue Paper, double coated. Price Rs. 7/4 per ream F.O.R., Bombay. Payment 25 per cent with order: Balance against R/R. Hindustan Traders, Jwala Bank Building, Chandni Chowk, Delhi. 6217

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED to fill a post of Personal Assistant cum Stenographer to the Special Officer, Electricity Development, Bengal, on a pay of Rs. 340-32/2-500 per month plus the usual dearness allowance and other allowances as are admissible. Age—a candidate must not be less than 25 and more than 35 years of age on 1st July, 1947. QUALIFICATIONS—A candidate (i) must have a good academic qualification with a degree in Science or Engineering from a recognised University: (ii) must possess high efficiency in shorthand and typewriting; (iii) must be able to deal with routine correspondence and understand commercial office procedure (iv) must be able to work on a drawing board and acquainted with the usual elementary instruments generally used in connection with Engineering work e.g. Slide rub, Calculating machines etc., and have elementary experience in statistical methods; (v) must have a good physique and sound health and be energetic and of active habits. Preference will be given to candidates who are natives of or permanently domiciled in Bengal Candidates should furnish the following information in their applications: (1) Name in full "in block letters" (2) Home address. (3) Present address, (4) Present age according to Matriculation certificate, (5) Father's name, (6) Academic qualifications, (7) Experience and (8) Religion and caste. Applications for which no form has been prescribed, together with an attested copy of evidence of age as well as certificates from two responsible persons not related to the candidate or connected with him by marriage, testifying to his private character should reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta not later than the 23rd June, 1947. Canvassing will disqualify. A treasury receipt for Rs. 5 under the head "XXXVI-Misc." must accompany every application. Applications from candidates who are in permanent or temporary employment under any Government in India will be rejected unless they are submitted through the appointing authority of their post or service.

P. B. RUDRA.
Secretary.

Alipore, the 11th June, 1947. 4024

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

WANTED A DRAFTSMAN.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates who are natives of, or domiciled in Assam for a permanent post of Draftsman for both the offices of the Chief Inspector of Boilers and Chief Inspector of Factories and Electrical Adviser, Assam on Rs. 60-5/2-100 p.m.

The main qualification is a certificate from a technical school of standing, not lower than that of technical schools in the province of Assam, or

A full time apprenticeship in a reputed firm. In addition, the candidate should have experience in a drawing office of a firm of Electrical and Mechanical Engineers.

The candidate must be a good tracer also.

Applications stating (1) Age on the 1st January, 1947, (2) Home district, (3) Community (4) Qualifications, (5) Experience and (6) Present occupation, if any, together with copies of testimonials should reach the Superintendent, office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong not later than the 12th July, 1947.

An application fee of Rs. 5/- should be credited into Treasury under the head "XXXVI Miscellaneous Departments Examination Fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and the chalan only attached to application. No postal stamps or money orders will be accepted in lieu of the Treasury Chalan.

Candidates who served in the Armed Forces must apply through the Deputy Director of Resettlement and Employment, Assam, Shillong or through the Employment Exchanges according to where they have registered their names and Government servants should apply through proper channel. 4026

TIRUMALAI TIRUPATI DEVASTHANAMS

GOLD AND SILVER AUCTION NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that Gold, Silver and other articles received in the Hundi for the past one year will be sold at the Devasthanam Huzur Treasury at Tirupati on the 23rd June, 1947, at 1-30 P.M. and on the subsequent days at 11 A.M. Intending bidders should deposit Rs. 200|- to qualify themselves to bid at the sales. The successful bidder should pay the purchase money of each lot purchased within two days from the date of the sales. The lots not taken delivery of will be resold at the risk of the defaulter and the loss if any due to resale will be recovered from him. Further particulars can be had at the office of the Tirumalai Tirupati Devasthanams, Tirupati.

A. JAYARAM NAIDU,
Commissioner.

8|6|47. (4022)

NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of the Policy Numbered 106401 on the life of Gulamhusein Mulla Hasanally of Ceylon, a duplicate policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this date.

B. K. SHAH,
General Manager.
(6229)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SECOND ADJOURNED GENERAL BODY MEETING of the members of the Bombay Postal Co-operative Society Limited, G.P.O., Bombay, will be held at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on FRIDAY, the 20th June, 1947, at 4-30 P.M.

All members are requested to attend.

By order from the Chairman.
M. S. RAMASWAMI,
Hon. Secretary.

Bombay, 17th June, 1947. (6239)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates of all communities to fill a post of Assistant Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal. The selected candidate will be on probation for one year. Pay Rs. 500-750 for a direct recruit. A higher initial pay may be granted to a candidate with specially high qualifications. If a member of a provincial service is appointed to the post, he will draw his grade pay in the Provincial Service to which he belongs plus a special pay of Rs. 100 per month. Age between 25 and 45 on 1st July, 1947. QUALIFICATIONS—A candidate must (i) possess a good Master's degree; (ii) be conversant with modern methods of testing candidates by written examination, by interview or by other means. Preference will be given to a candidate who in addition to having the above experience, has also experience in modern methods of Office Management. Full details and application form may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November 1946 provided that the form used is of the size and shows exactly the wording and spacing of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in handwriting and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own handwriting. Last date for receipt of application on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5 under the head "XXXVI-Misc.", 7th July, 1947.

P. B. RUDRA.
Secretary.

Alipore, the 11th June, 1947. 4023

B. B. & C. I. RLY.

TENDER NOTICE

NO. TLP|14

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form No. G. S. 203 for the purchasing of the following.

Commodity	Quantity required in B.Mds. for: Dohad	Godhra
1. Barley	500	350
2. Moong Whole	50	25
3. Masoor Whole	55	40
4. Vatana	200	—
5. Moong Dall	500	150
6. Masoor Dall	500	200
7. Groundnut oil	500	250
8. Til oil	50	—
9. Onions	500	100
10. Potatoes	500	150

Tenders closing on 23-6-1947 at 12-00 Hrs. in the Office of the ASSTT. CONTROLLER OF GRAIN-SHOPS, DOHAD.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the Asstt. Controller, Grainshop Department, Freelandgunj, Dohad, on application.

Supplies are required to be made before 5-7-47

ASSTT. CONTROLLER,
Grainshops, Dohad.
BOMBAY.
(4041)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

UNLOADING OF WAGONS AT BOMBAY STATIONS

WITH EFFECT from July 15th, 1947, the rates of unloading charges for wagons which are unloaded by Railway at Wadi Bunder, Byculla and Dadar will be revised as under:—

WADI BANDAR AND BYCULLA.—2 1/2 pies per maund subject to a minimum charge of Rs. 3 per wagon.

DADAR. 3 pies per maund subject to a minimum charge of Rs. 3 per wagon.

The existing charges are 1 1/2 pies per maund with a minimum charge of Rs. 2 per wagon in case of Wadi Bandar and 2 pies per maund with a minimum charge of Rs. 3 per wagon in case of Byculla and Dadar. 4020

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that Mr. DAWOOD IBRAHIM, Owner of a Restaurant known as "Shahajahan Restaurant", situated on the Ground Floor of Kavarana Building, King Edward Road, Parel, Bombay, has contracted to sell the same to my client. Any person having any claim, lien, right, title or any interest therein may notify the same to the undersigned at his Office, in Ishwardas Mansion, Gowalia Tank Road, or any objection to such sale, within seven days from the date hereof. Any objections received thereafter will not be taken into consideration and the sale would be completed.

S. R. MIRAJKAR,
Advocate for Purchaser.

Bombay, 17th June, 1947. 4030

PUBLIC NOTICES

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

WANTED AN ASSISTANT SURGEON

APPLICATIONS from candidates who are natives of, or domiciled in Assam will be received by the Superintendent, office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong on or before 11-8-47 for a temporary post of Assistant Surgeon, Public Health Department, Assam, on Rs. 150-400 - p.m. (subject to revision) plus special pay of Rs. 50 - p.m. and usual dearness allowance, etc. Preference will be given to Muslims, Tribals and Scheduled Castes.

Candidates must be Medical Graduates of recognised University and preference will be given to candidates with Diploma of Public Health qualification.

Candidates should state in their applications age on the 1st January, 1947, qualifications, home district, community and experience and present occupation, if any.

An application fee of Rs. 10 - should be deposited into Treasury under the head "XXXVI—Miscellaneous Departments — Examination Fees—Receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and copy of chalan attached to application.

Government servants should apply through proper channel. Candidates who have served in the Armed Forces must apply through the Deputy Director of Resettlement & Employment, Assam, Shillong or through the Employment Exchanges according to where they have registered their names. (4025)

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for public information in accordance with Rule 8 of Part II of the Rules for places of Public Amusement in the City of Bombay, 1914 made under Section 22, Sub-Section (1) Clauses (f), (i) (g) and (h) of the City of Bombay Police Act 1902, by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, with the previous sanction of His Excellency the Governor-in-Council, that our client Mr. Haji Saleh Mahomed Jamal proposes erecting a CINEMA THEATRE on his plot of land admeasuring about 7250 square yards bearing N. A. No. 252 B Chembur Road, Ghatkopar.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any objections to the erection of the said CINEMA THEATRE should be received by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay within fourteen days from the date hereof that is to say, not later than 21st day of June, 1947.

Dated this 6th day of June, 1947.

**MADHAVJI & CO.,
Attorneys for Mr. Haji Saleh Mahomed Jamal.
35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. 4043**

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invited tenders for Reconditioning of Scrap Brass Boring Quality No. 1. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Rs. 2 per copy, not refundable. Money Order or Cash only. Closing date 9-7-1947 at 3 p.m. (S.T.). 4021

ASTHMA
In all its
FORMS INSTANTLY
RELIEVED

Many thousands of sufferers from Asthma in all its forms, Bronchial Asthma, Night Coughing, Difficult or Obstructed Breathing and Chest Tightness or Wheeziness have testified to the amazingly rapid relief they have obtained from Do-Do Asthma Tablets and to their lasting beneficial effects, often in cases where other methods of treatment have failed.

"THESE AT TABLETS THAT DO ME ANY GOOD"

This happy experience has been shared by Mrs. L. C., of London who writes:—

3rd October, 1945

"I feel I must write and tell you that your Do-Do Tablets have done me the world of good. I have tried everything but find these the only tablets that do me any good. I feel a different woman since taking them." Mrs. L. C., Edgware.

DO-DO TABLETS BRING RELIEF IN 30 SECONDS

Within half-a-minute of taking one Do-Do Tablet there comes blessed relief from the choking paroxysm. From 15 to 30 minutes later easy, natural breathing is restored.

Don't despair — try Do-Do Asthma Tablets now.

Sold by all chemists in bottles of 30 tablets at Rs. 3/4

Test Do-Do Free—simply complete and post the coupon below

Dō-Dō Brand
ASTHMA TABLETS

INTERNATIONAL TRADING CO., Box ... 167, Lohar Chawl, Bombay.
I have NOT tried Do-Do. Please send me a Free Test supply.
Name .....
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STUART & YOUNG

Exporters Importers, Manufacturers' Agents, 108 Hanover Street, Edinburgh, Scotland. Code: Bentley's (1945).

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF MISC STORES.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay M.s. —BENNETT & CO will on FRIDAY 20th inst at 10 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Balmer Lawrie & Co's godown near B D D. Chawl, Jackeria Bunder Road Sewree, set pins, Bench Vice, hearth anvils etc then at D. M. Kerr & Co's godown at Jackeria Bunder Road: boxes clamps, washers, loops etc also on Saturday 21st inst at 10 A M (S.T.) at D G S R. godown, Wadi Bunder steel plates, anchors rope stoppers, winches frames copper pipes, washers, anti-corrosive paint etc. Terms: 25 p.c. cash Balance in 7 days. Delivery in 21 days otherwise goods and money will be forfeited.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF L. H. & DISPOSALS OFFICE OF A. D. H. D. BOM., SQ B. AREA

By order of the above office Bennett & Co. will on Thursday, 19th inst. at 11 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at G I P Rly sports ground between G.I.P and BB & C.I. Rly. Matunga: 1 Kitchen building with brick walls and Mangalore tiled roof. Terms 25 p.c. Cash Deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

A good opportunity to buy Valuable Property at the well-known Mahableshwar Hill resort.

Sale on Monday, 30th June, 1947, at 4-30 P.M. at the SALE ROOM OF THE AUCTIONEERS, 123, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co. and Messrs. Wadia Ghandy & Co., Attorneys for the Vendors the undersigned will sell by Public Auction as stated above the following property.

Firstly:

Piece of leasehold land admeasuring about 1 Acre and 4 gunthas situate at Mahableshwar with the bungalows out houses and other buildings known as Myatt House, Cozy Cottage and Beehive Cottage, bearing Survey No. 59 and R. S. No. 59

Secondly.

Leasehold land admeasuring about 3 Gunthas and included in Myatt House compound property No 59 and denoted as R. S. No. 59.

The properties will be sold with the furniture fixtures and other articles and things lying in the bungalows.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Solicitors, Yusuf Building, Church Gate Street, or the undersigned.

**SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Fort.**

I like my *tenors...*



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